

WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow: Showers.

THE EVENING NEWS.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

TEMPERATURE TODAY:

At 3 p. m., 88 degrees.

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 29, 1906

NUMBER 136

**SELECTION OF SENATORS
BY VOTE OF THE PEOPLE**

The action of a large number of states during the past year in selecting their candidates for the United States senate by a popular vote of the members of the party expressed in a primary election indicates the steady growing sentiment that members of the upper branch of the federal legislature should be elected by the people direct instead of being chosen by the state general assemblies as now provided by the constitution. Election of senators by the people has been agitated from time to time for a great many years. It was urged by some members of the body that framed the constitution, but the majority of the founders of the government believed that plan unwise and refused to concur in the suggestions of popular elections like those provided in the case of representatives.

Inasmuch as popular elections cannot be brought about save by a change in the constitution, some of the states have adopted the subterfuge of nominating by primaries, thereby imposing upon the legislature the moral, though not legal, responsibility of acting in accordance with the primary vote. If this plan continues to grow as it has recently, within the next half dozen years the majority of senators will owe their seats not to the action of the legislature on its own initiative, but to the majority given them at the party primary or the regular state election.

United States senators were nominated by primary vote in eleven Southern states this summer. These states were Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia. Although the legislatures of these states will formally elect the nominees of these primaries to the office of senator, as prescribed by the constitution, every one of the men so elected will owe his seat not to the body which nominally elect them, but to the people who instructed

the legislature at the polls how they should carry out the will of the majority. Of course, the legislature would not be legally bound by this primary, but no general assembly would fail to recognize the expressed will of the party to which its members belonged. Political suicide of this sort is not often committed.

Although the sentiment for popular elections of senators appears to be more deeply grounded in the Southern states than in other parts of the country, this new idea has gathered weight in the North and West, in states that have generally been considered fighting territory for both parties. Illinois but recently held its primary for the selection of a senator, and the vote was one-sided in favor of Senator Cullom that the most ardent manipulator would not dare to disregard the verdict of the people when the time comes for the action of the state legislature. In

Iowa the convention of both parties have declared in favor of this method in electing their United States senators. A similar step has been taken in Wisconsin. In New England, where conservatism has always held sway, the people of Vermont and New Hampshire have forgotten the teachings of former Senator William E. Chandler and the late Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, and are agitating this proposed reform. When such ideas begin to take root in New England the friends of popular election of senators may have hope of ultimate success. *

The discussion of this subject, in recent years, began in the Fifty-first congress and continued intermittently down to the close of the Fifty-seventh, the latter being the congress in which the question was debated at great length. Favorable reports on the proposed change in the constitution were made in the senate in the Fifty-second, Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth congresses. Unfavorable reports were also made in the same congresses, while so late as the Fifty-sixth congress Mr. Chandler made an oral report against the proposed amendment. In the house favorable reports were made in the Fifty-second, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth congresses. — Kansas City Journal.

**ANXIOUSLY AWAITING
THE SENATE COMMITTEE**

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 29.—The towns on the segregated coal lands are awaiting with profound interest the advent of the senatorial committee to investigate the conditions of the lands and to make some recommendations as to the disposal of their surface. When the senate committee arrives it will be treated with absolute nonpartisan courtesy, for the citizens, regardless of party are united on what is best for the Choctaw nation in the matter of the settlement of their largest issue.

"What we want," said a United States official, "is the disposition of the surfaces of these lands so that it will benefit the Indians and the white man also. There are thousands of acres of coal land that are not either mined nor farmed. Their Indian owners, though rich technically have nothing actually. On the same terms they had just as well

plays no part in the settlement. Senator Clark's assertion that they are worth a billion dollars of course is not taken seriously. No one can tell what mining property is worth. The view taken here is that Senator Clark is safe in making his billion dollar claim for the reason that the lands may be worth that amount and anything that does not involve a contradiction is possible; but the value of the lands it is believed, will hardly be settled upon any fantastic computation as that offered by the Montana Croesus.

There seems to be but little doubt that both political parties will favor the disposition of the coal lands for school purposes. The Choctaw democratic party has already expressed itself in the matter. Such a disposition of the lands would insure a great school fund for the population and a perpetual income for the Indians.

Some of the Arkansas river towns in the Choctaw nation are awaiting the action of the committee. If the lands are properly disposed of, both Stigler and Ponca will boom, for thousands of acres of the very finest of the segregated lands for cotton and corn are lying idle. All of this land comes within a few miles of the limits of the town along the Midland Valley railroad.

**MR. BRYAN'S RECEPTION
ARRANGED IN DETAIL**

New York, Aug. 28.—The program of the Bryan reception was made public last night. It is as follows:

The official reception is to begin with the arrival of Mr. Bryan at Pier A, North River, at 4 p. m. Thursday. He will be met there by a sub-committee headed by the chairman of the reception, Gov. Wolf of Missouri. He will be welcomed by Acting Mayor McGowan in behalf of the city of New York. Six carriages will accompany the carriage carrying Bryan, which will be preceded by an escort of mounted police.

Carriage Number 1—William J. Bryan, Governor Folk, Mayor McGowan, William Hodge.

Carriage Number 2—Tom L. Johnson, Alex. Troup, Norman E. Mack, Nathan Straus.

Carriage Number 3—Agustus Thomas, Commissioner O'Brian, Robert Davis, Harry Walker.

Carriage Number 4—Mayor Dahlman of Omaha, General Victor Baughman, Daniel J. Campbell, Sudge Fox.

Carriage Number 5—Major Filmer-aid of Boston, Comptroller Metz, John W. Cox, John W. Tomlinson.

Carriage Number 6—William Sulzer, Henry George, Jr., Bird S. Coler, Thomas L. Feitner.

Carriage Number 7—John F. Ahern, O. H. P. Belmont, Louis Nixon.

Arriving at the hotel a special committee consisting of five members of the reception from each state will receive Mr. Bryan. Then will follow the general reception, after which Mr. Bryan will spend the time in informal discussion until 7 o'clock, when he will retire to his private apartments to make arrangements to go to the Garden at 7:45 o'clock.

It has been arranged, in order to accommodate those unable to gain admission to the Garden, to hold an overflow meeting in Madison Square park. If stormy, Mr. Bryan will address the meeting before entering the Garden, and if the weather be pleasant he will address it after the Garden speech.

Other speakers will be J. B. Dahlman, mayor of Omaha; N. D. Fletcher, of Florida; Gov. Robert N. Glenn, of North Carolina; ex-Gov. Jennings, of Florida; Congressman Henry M. Goldfogle, of New York, and Senator Thomas F. Grady, of New York.

Mrs. Jane Hopkins Security Bond Boys suits are guaranteed to give satisfaction.

136-2t W. M. Freeman Co.

Better have that overcoat cleaned at the K. C. tailor shop. 136 tf

Ladies' skirts and jackets cleaned, dyed and pressed at K. C. tailor shop. 136 tf

136 tf

**M'GUIRE AND FERGUSON
GET THE NOMINATIONS**

Guthrie, Ok., Aug. 29.—B. S. McGuire was nominated for congress here yesterday by the Republicans of the First district, his only opponent being L. N. Houston, of Enid, who received only the votes of Garfield county. Bob Lowry, of Payne county, was chairman of the convention. The Osage Indians were given prominent places on the stage and Eves Tall, chief, was made sergeant-at-arms. Rev. H. L. Cloud, a fullblood Cherokee, gave the invocation. The resolutions endorsed Roosevelt, McGuire, and Frantz, for first governor; the sale of school lands with preference right to lessee, state control of public service corporations and insurance, state aid for good roads, removal of restrictions on Indian lands, protection for bank deposits, employers' liability law against employment of children in mines and factories and for use of all Oklahoma irrigation funds within the state.

The usual stereotyped endorsements were voted to President Roosevelt, Governor Frantz and Bird McGuire. Ferguson's nomination was a Flynn victory over McGuire, and revives the corpse of the Flynn-Ferguson machine and really sounds the death knell of the McGuire-Filson machine, notwithstanding the fact that McGuire is the congressional nominee of the First district. Ferguson received a majority over all opponents and is now complete master of the situation.

Don't throw your old clothes away; have them made to look like new by Berry, at K. C. tailor shop. 136 tf

Crossette and Hamilton Brown shoes will fit, wear and give satisfaction. W. M. Freeman & Co. 136 tf

Ramsey's Drug Store

For School Supplies, Drugs, Patent Medicines, Syringes, Water Bottles, Ice Caps, Rubber Gloves, Pocket Books, Purses, Paints and Oils, Gloss, Putty, Agents for Eureka Springs Water, Eastman's Kodaks and Kodak Supplies, Phonographs and Gold Moulded Records.

G. M. Ramsey, Druggist

(Successor to Clark Drugg Co.)

Money to Loan

On Inter-married Surplus, Citizens with Restrictions Removed, and Upon City Property. Lowest Rates.

Complete and Absolutely Correct Abstracts of Title to All Lands and Town Lots in This District.

GRAHAM-PYEATT ABSTRACT CO.

DORTCH YOUNG, Mgr. (Over Cit. Nat'l Bank with Crawford & Bolen)

PAUL W. ALLEN,**Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.**

Horses Boarded by Day or Week.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave.,

Phone 64.

MASON DRUG COMPANY

Has Resumed Business at the Same Old Stand

Clean, Pure, Up-to-date Stock. Utmost Care Given to Prescriptions. The Public's Patronage is Cordially Solitited.

LOANS

On Dead Claims, Intermarried Surplus and where Restrictions Are Removed. Improved City Property or to build.

Correct Neat Abstracts of Title at Reasonable Prices

ADA TITLE and TRUST CO.

W. H. EBAY, Pres. and Manager,

ADA, IND. TER.

A Full Line of**May Manton Bazar
PATTERNS**

10c each. Catalogues 10c. Fashion Sheet Free.

These patterns are the best that can be purchased anywhere at any price.

Reed & Harrison**Patronize Home Industry**

By Buying Ice From

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249.

Office at Ice Plant

OVERDRAFTS

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the comptroller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

Ada National Bank

Capital and Surplus, \$63,500.

Ada, Ind. Ter.



WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SHIPMENT of BOYS' and CHILDREN'S CELEBRATED

**MRS. JANE HOPKINS
Boy Proof Clothing**

In Latest Designs and Patterns

School opens September 3rd. Bring in the boys at once. Two piece, knee pant Suits, ages 3 to 16, at from \$2.50 to \$5.00 the Suit. Each Suit of this high grade goods bears a positive guarantee.

W. M. Freeman & Co.

Oklahoma City, Ok., Aug. 29.

Thirty ballots were taken at the Geary

OTIS B. WEAVER, PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, BUSINESS MGR.

Entered as second-class mail matter, March 26, 1904, at the post office at Ada, Indian Territory under the Act of Congress March 3, 1893.

Advertising rates on application

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Subject to the action of the Democratic county primary election.

For Sheriff
ROBERT NESTER
A. A. (GUS) BOBBITT
L. E. (LEM) MITCHELL
MART WALSH
JAMES D. GAAR
J. D. (ED) FUSSELLFor County Clerk
C. A. (CHARLIE) POWERS
W. S. (SAM) KERR
H. WOODARDFor County Treasurer
J. C. CATESFor County Tax Assessor
C. C. HARGIS
W. H. NETTLES

How have the last few days been for cold days in August?

INTEREST grows in the name contest. It isn't a mere nominal election.

SCHOOL days are drawing near. Are you getting those children ready?

LESS than ten weeks till we must elect a delegate. What are you going to do about it?

THURSDAY will receive a new dignity. Hereafter, it will not only be known as Thanksgiving Day, but also as Bryan Homecoming Day.

GET behind the Ada Public schools. Lend the corps of teachers your unqualified support; they will work better when the patrons stand by them.

THOUGH the enumerator's report does not show as many people as Ada could hold, still what there are of us—every man, woman and child—will vote for more water, and thereby for more people, more business, more money, more city.

GERRYMANDER MISSCARIES. Republicans can not carry a District in old Pott.

Shawnee, Okla. Aug. 29.—The gerrymander whereby the districting board sought to get just one republican district in this county, has failed. A careful poll of the district, formed of the Fourth and Fifth wards of Shawnee, all of Tecumseh and Eariboro, part of the surrounding county, and possibly a few slices of Arkansas and Texas, was supposed to be republican because of the large "cullud" vote. The negro voters, however, as they are to be denied representation, will not vote with the bosses. They propose to nominate their own candidate from their own race and also to vote for him solid. The move is meeting with the encouragement of many republicans who are tired of the gerrymander work.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE.

Territorial Organization Closes Session at Southtown.

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 29.—The Republican Territorial committee has just finished a session in this city which was largely attended. The committee selected Oct. 9 as the date of holding district conventions to nominate candidates for the constitutional convention.

A resolution in favor of the amalgamation of the committee with that of Oklahoma was passed and Chairman Grant Victor was nominated as a committee of one to confer with the Oklahoma committee and to select some method of amalgamation.

The committee decided upon a short campaign. A resolution was adopted providing that the members of the committee having jurisdiction over the Territory should appoint a committee of three Republicans in each district to take the registration. To elect delegates to the constitutional convention, the said conventions to be held on Oct. 9, and that precinct meetings to elect delegates to these primary conventions should be held on Oct. 4.

In addition to the powers conferred upon him in regard to the amalgamation of the two committees, Chairman Grant Victor was also empowered to name a finance committee of seven, a speakers' bureau of seven, a platform committee of seven and a press bureau. Col. William Busby was appointed chairman of the finance committee.

500 Carloads of Watermelons.

Cement, I. T., Aug. 29.—Moving the watermelon crop began two weeks ago and 120 cars have been shipped to Kansas City, Wichita, St. Louis and Denver. It is estimated that before the season closes more than 500 cars will be sent out.

THE EVILS OF CONSTIPATION.

Everyone Knows When He is Constipated and Everyone Should Know the Risk He is Running When He Fails to Promptly Correct it.

Any Disease Epidemic or Otherwise to Which He or She May be Exposed is Sure to Result Seriously.

There are two ways to remove constipation; the wrong way is to drench the bowels with a powerful, griping, drastic cathartic that injures the coating of the bowel channels and produces an early return of the trouble in a more chronic form. The right way is to use a natural, easy and mild laxative that tones up and strengthens the bowels and leaves a healthful influence behind it. Prickly Ash Bitters will empty the bowels just as thoroughly as the harsher cathartics, and combines all the tonic and strengthening properties necessary to permanently cure the habit.

Accept no substitute. Insist on having the genuine Prickly Ash Bitters with the large figure 8 in red on the front label.

Sold Everywhere, Price \$1.00.

AT CENTER.

The Democratic Club There Holds Meeting.

The Democratic club of Center met in regular session last night. The most important matter that came up before the meeting was the election of a precinct committeeman.

Mr. Parker, prominent farmer and a loyal Democrat was chosen.

Mart Walsh, W. S. Kerr, Tom D. McKeown and Dick Couch, of Ada, were visitors. Mr. McKeown delivered a strong address on the "Fallacies of Socialism," which was well received by the Center Democrats. Sam Kerr made a brief address. He asserted it would not be well to send all the defeated candidates of this community up Salt Creek, ere the community be disposed of in a year.

Officials of the general land office have prepared the rules and regulations governing the sale and have recommended that the public auction plan be adopted. Secretary Hitchcock is said to be in favor of public auction. The plans are to be presented to the secretary in a day or two, when the question will be decided.

TO A CROWDED HOUSE.

Mother Jones the Great Socialist Speaks.

Mother Jones addressed a crowded house Monday night. She announced on the street in the afternoon that she would speak on the Colorado scandal in the evening, and many of the farmers stayed in the city to hear her. She handled the question ably. She knows her subject thoroughly and understands socialism. She is one of the most forcible women speakers we have ever heard. It is estimated that she had 300 hearers at the courthouse meeting.

Big Prospects.

Monday of this week Henry Clews, the well known New York banker, posted this bulletin in his office:

AMERICA'S GREATNESS

"Corn crop this year, 2,700,000,000 bu. Wheat crop 722,000,000 bushels. Cotton crop, 11,000,000 bales. United States Steel Corporation's net profit for the last quarter, \$40,000,000. A man died today in Aconia, Ill., who weighed 460 pounds, and was 73 inches around the waist. This should not be surprising, for he was born in the corn belt country. A dark lady in Texas recently gave birth to six blackies. What a country! What a people!"

REMOVAL NOTICE

I have moved my shop over Freeman's store, and am better prepared than ever to do your work in first class shape. Clothes made to order a specialty.

Also do cleaning, repairing, dyeing and mending clothes.

All work called for and delivered.

C. A. BERRY
TAILOR

Over Freeman's Store

CENSUS COMPLETED.

Not So Many People Here as Ought to Be.

The official enumeration of Ada's population, preliminary to issuing a call for an election on the issuance of waterworks bonds, has been completed. W. B. Adair, who took the census, returns the following figures:

Ward No. 1	778
Ward No. 2	402
Ward No. 3	958
Ward No. 4	898
Total	3,036
School Children	976

There are several reasons why our population shows up so short at this time. One is that so many of our people are away at various watering places for the summer. Another reason is, a great many got frightened upon the enumerator's approach and left home, thinking he was the tax assessor.

About a third of us are school children. This indicates that the Roosevelt propaganda has taken root in these parts.

PASTURE LAND OPENING.

Auction Plan Most in Favor Among Officials.

Lawton, Ok., Aug. 29.—A recent Washington dispatch, containing the information that Francis E. Leupp, commissioner of Indian affairs, recommends that the sale of the Indian pasture lands of Southwest Oklahoma be conducted by the sealed bid plan, is not taken seriously by the land officials here, and their loathness to believe that this plan will be adopted is founded upon the fact that the secretary of the interior could not possibly dispose of the lands within the limited time given him. The lands—more than 3000 quarter sections in all—could not be disposed of in a year.

Officials of the general land office have prepared the rules and regulations governing the sale and have recommended that the public auction plan be adopted. Secretary Hitchcock is said to be in favor of public auction. The plans are to be presented to the secretary in a day or two, when the question will be decided.

Rally of Coal Belt Democrats.

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 29.—The Democracy of Coal belt is preparing for the monster celebration at Krebs on the 30th of this month. Democrats from all parts of the new state will be present in large numbers and the usual candidate speeches will be made.

Lawn Social.

The Ladies' circle, Angelo grove No. 42, will give an ice cream supper Friday night on the lawn of Mrs. Jeff Reed. Everybody invited. Susie A. Burch, clerk. 136-21

Galveston's Sea Wall

makes life now as safe in that city as on the higher uplands. E. W. Goodloe, who resides on Dutton St., in Waco, Texas, needs no sea wall for safety. He writes: "I have used Dr. King's new discovery for consumption the past 5 years and it keeps me well and safe. Before that time I had a cough which for years had been growing worse. Now it's gone." Cures chronic coughs, la grippe, croup, whooping cough and prevents pneumonia. Pleasant to take. Every bottle guaranteed at G. M. Ramsey's and F. Z. Holley's drug stores. Price 50c and \$1. Trial bottle.

A Mystery Solved.

"How to keep off periodic attacks of biliousness and habitual constipation was a mystery that Dr. King's new life pills solved for me," writes John N. Pleasant, of Magnolia, Ind. The only pills that are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction to everybody or money refunded. Only 25c at G. M. Ramsey's and F. Z. Holley's drug stores.

A Vote Winner.

The News respectfully solicits the printing of your cards announcing to your friends and those you may meet, your candidacy. The card method of soliciting support has been demonstrated to be good; it helps to become acquainted and will win you votes.

In Self Defense

Major Hamm, editor and manager of the Constitutional, Eminence, Ky., when he was attacked 4 years ago by piles, bought a box of Bucklin's arnica salve, of which he says: "It cured me in ten days and no trouble since." Quickest healer of burns, sores, cuts and wounds. 25c at G. M. Ramsey's and F. Z. Holley's drug stores.

I Am From Missouri, Show Me.

Duniphan, Mo., July 16, 1904.

"You called on me 7 years ago with Dr. Mendenhall's Chill Cure and told me it was better than any other. I asked you to show me. It has been shown and proven that more people stay with your Chill Tonic than any other."—C. H. Martin, druggist. Sold by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

Look out for malaria. It is seasonal now. A few doses of Prickly Ash Bitters is a sure preventative.

I. VEALS CHARACTER

PEOCULARITIES OF SEX APPEAR IN FLAT-HUNTING.

Men Hate to Move When Once Settled—Women Expose Their Follies in Making Selection.

"Here's where you have a chance to study human nature," says the superintendent of a Chicago apartment house, according to the Inter Ocean. "Why, I can tell as soon as I have gone over an apartment with a couple whether they live happily together.

"If they talk over the attractive corner and she tells where his reading lamp will go, and he says that is a nice corner for her tea table, they are pretty sure to be home folks.

"If he digs holes in the floor with his cane while she makes a quick survey of the rooms and orders repairs in a lifeless fashion, they are merely getting a shell of a home in which to hang the skeleton of their one-time domestic happiness."

"You learn to read women, too, in this business," he continues. "The woman who talks about the lovely flat she has and how she hates to leave it but Henry is bound to come up town; who criticizes everything in the apartment and fairly sniffs the air for trouble, will make a nagging, fault finding tenant, and if I had my way I'd raise her rent."

"The woman who wears a stylish dress in the newest coloring and fabric, but whose shoes are run down at the heel, whose finger tops need manicuring and whose underskirts hang in tatters of embroidery below her skirts, is sure to be a sloopy housekeeper and ruin the fittings in the flat."

"References count for something, but not everything. A doubtful party always comes well armed with references, but when a woman and a man look at each other doubtfully and wonder whether they had best give the name of their uncle, or his employer, or their last landlord, I take heart and know they are not up to Chicago tricks."

"The bane of the apartment house superintendent is the Sunday rush. All through April we work early and late showing apartments on Sunday. On a pleasant Sunday we show perhaps 200 callers over apartments and rent possibly two. On a rainy Monday we have three callers and rent two apartments. Rainy day flat hunters mean business."

"I do not believe any man would move if he had his own way. He would rather pay more rent, put in a gas stove if the steam heat is not all that it ought to be, sleep on a mattress stretched on the boards laid over the bathtub if the flat is too small—anything rather than move. Moving has driven more than one well intentioned man to drink."

GETTING CREW FOR WHALER

Each Man Has to Be Rounded Up Times Without Number to Get Him Aboard.

In Harper's Magazine Clifford W. Ashley, the artist, who recently made a trip in an old-fashioned whaler for the magazine, tells entertainingly of the difficulties of finally getting the crew together and aboard ship.

"Sunday morning, long before the church bells rung," says Mr. Ashley, "we were gathered in the darkened front of the store. I had stopped at the postoffice for my mail, and as I stepped out again into the bright sunshine of that August morning, a couple of sailors lumbered hastily by and dodged around the corner. As they were vanishing, one of the 'owners' appeared in the street, gazing up and down in a mystified manner, vainly seeking a glimpse of the runaways. When he saw me he hailed cheerfully. From the alley whence he had emerged, a series of derisive boos followed him, then a wagon-load of seamen appeared, being trundled off to the river. Swaying and pitching as the cart jolted over the cobbles, they boisterously spoke each passerby, making the street hideous with their yells. Before I entered the store I saw them, one by one, dropping off over the tail-board, utterly oblivious to the protests of the unfortunate dry goods clerk who was held responsible for their delinquency."

"The front shop was crowded and noisy, but the real hubbub was in a small back room. Here the sailors, bawling and pounding, were locked up when caught, and held till the return of the wagon to take them off to the river. Word was received that the mate refused to go on board till he had partaken of his Sunday dinner. On various pretexts others sought to get off for a while longer—one had forgotten to bid his mother good-bye; another had left home without an overcoat. The clerks rushed frantically about. Each man had to be rounded up—not once, but half a dozen times."

Diplomatic Subject.

Italy's King recently paid a visit to Vesuvius. On the occasion of a previous visit an Italian newspaper announced that "the eruption had the honor of being witnessed by his majesty." It was a German paper that once stated that a certain royal prince was graciously pleased to be born yesterday."

"Equally courtierlike was an army officer in attendance on the king of Spain not long ago. The king asked him what was the time. The courtier fumbled for his watch, but could not find it, then respectfully replied: "Whatever time your majesty pleased."

"You read so much and hear so much about the press and the people. Oil burning locomotives all the way; no smoke, no cinders. For beautiful illustrated literature and other information, see nearest Sunset Ticket Agent."

THE O. B. WEAVER FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY

Invites a share of your insurance patronage. It represents the strongest company in the world, and the many others represented are just as good. These companies all made a leading showing in the prompt payment of their losses. Correct rates assured.

R. O. WHEELER, MANAGER

WANT YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS

They will be compounded with the purest drugs that can be bought for money YOURS FOR PRESCRIPTIONS

W. T. NOLEN

4 TRAINS a Day

Between

Chicago, Indianapolis and Cincinnati

VIA

MONON ROUTE

Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.

Finest Pullman Equipment, including Compartment Cars, Incomparable Dining-Car Service.

The "LIMITED," A NEW TRAIN, leaving Chicago at 11:20 p. m., arriving Cincinnati 7:35 a. m., and leaving Cincinnati 11:25 p. m., arriving Chicago 7:40 a. m., is an especially popular train. Carries Indianapolis layover sleeper.

Chas. H. Rockwell,

Frank J. Reed,

Traffic Manager.

Gen. Pass. Agent

THE SUNSET ROUTE

OCEAN to OCEAN

Offers the Best

Fast Trains, Latest Dining, Sleeping and Observation Cars Between

LOCAL NEWS

K. C.—Keep clean. 136 tf
Mrs. W. H. Eby is ill today.
J. M. Walsh is in Tupelo today.
Phone 70 for anything in Heinz goods.
133-tf.
Hear Bro. T. B. Harrell at the Baptist church tonight.
My motto, "First-class work or no pay." K. C. 136 tf
Jas. M. Walsh sells for cash only.
133-tf
Smoke Cinco. Sold at Smoke House.
135 10t
We are all glad to see A. K. Thornton on the streets again.
Smoke Cinco. Sold at Smoke House.
135 10t
Mrs. Oran Nelson, of Francis, was in the city today en route to her home from Oklahoma City.
If you want the White Swan canned goods, phone us. M. L. Walsh. 95-tf
Hamilton Brown school shoes are record breakers for good service. 136 2
J. B. Tolbert is giving his residence on Broadway a recoating of paint.
Remember that this is the last week that a large picture goes with the dozen best photos at P. K. Smith's. 135 4t
Heinz pure cider vinegar 10c qt. Phone 70. 133-tf
See those large and beautiful portraits at Smith's. One given with every dozen of the best photos. 126-tf
You get a guarantee with the boys' clothing we sell you. W. M. Freeman & Co. 136 2t
Frank Jones and sons, Frank Jr., Boone and Harry returned today from a few weeks visit in Palestine.
I have two nice rocking chairs and two heaters for sale. John McKinley. 135-2t
Chas. Long, one of Midland's leading merchants was in the city today purchasing merchandise.
A 10x16 portrait given with every dozen of the best photographs. —P. K. Smith. 126-tf
Mrs. F. M. Etter left today for her home in Sillsbee, Texas, after a two weeks' visit with her brother, S. M. Shaw.
FOR RENT.—Good office rooms on Main street. Little Bros. 104-tf
M. L. Walsh will furnish you with the White Swan brand. Phone 17. 95-tf
FOR RENT.—Two room house; close in. R. O. Wheeler, News office. 135 2
Mr. and Mrs. Oscar E. Cannon and Clifford and Glen Hardin returned Tuesday after a two weeks visit in Hillsboro, Texas.
When you buy the boys school suits at our store they will give satisfaction. W. M. Freeman & Co. 136 2t
FOR SALE.—Eighty acres of land 2 1/2 miles southeast of Oklahoma City. A bargain if taken at once. Will accept some Ada property. W. W. Rader. 133 3t
If style, quality and workmanship are the points you consider in buying Boys clothing Jane Hopkins Security Bond suits will please you. 136-2t W. M. Freeman Co.
The bridge just across the Katy tracks on Main street is completed and facilitates no little traffic and travel in that end of town.
LOST.—Ladies small, gold-filled, chainless watch; open face; L. B. D. engraved on back. Finder please return same to Harris hotel and get reward. 135 3t
A school boy and girl needs a serviceable shoe. We have a shoe especially made for hard service. W. M. Freeman & Co. 136 2t
W. W. Higgins and family left today for Houston, Texas, where Mr. Higgins will teach in the city school. Mr. Higgins has been an active citizen of Ada for five years and the many friends of the family are grieved to see them leave Ada. The News will follow and keep them informed about the best town in Oklahoma.
Jane Hopkins Boy Proof clothing contains the best material, style and workmanship that can be put into a suit for \$5.00. W. M. Freeman Co. 136-2t

News' Name Election.

Official Ticket

Should the Name of Ada be Changed?
Assuming a Change, What Name do You Prefer?
[Signature]
[Street Address]

Walsh handles the White Swan canned goods. Phone 17. 95-tf

Try the cash system and see what you save. Phone 70. 133-tf

We guarantee our Cupid flour. No 17. Walsh. 95-tf

I will trade a good sewing machine for a shoot, also an organ for alpny. 120-24t w18-4t Lee Smith.

Money saved by buying of Jas. M. Walsh, spot cash to all. Phone 70. 129t

The little daughter of George Hokit, who lives 6 miles west of town, died Monday night at 8 o'clock. The funeral occurred at the Union Hill schoolhouse Tuesday afternoon.

Cupid flour at No. 17. Guaranteed the best. 95-tf

Cupid flour, best on earth at Walsh's No. 17. 95-tf

Rev. Harrell is much improved today and will conduct the prayer meeting services tonight. Do not fail to attend.

Heinz sweet or sour pickles 10c doz. Phone 70. 133-tf

C. S. Owens, vice president of the District Anti Horse Thief association, said today that between four and six hundred delegates would attend the state meeting to convene in Ada at an early date.

Get your cold drinks and confectionaries at Evan's neatly furnished ice cream parlor. 112-tf

At Mrs. Chauncey's.

Undoubtedly the most delightful social events of the season occurred at the delightful home of Mrs. C. M. Chauncey Tuesday afternoon from three to six. The occasion was the Woman's Home Mission Society of the M. E. church entertaining the Aids of all the churches of the city. The reception rooms were beautifully decorated with flowers and the dining room tastefully beautified with green and white.

Fratte and ice cream were served to the one hundred guests who were unanimous in their decision that the occasion was the most delightful in the history of Ada. The event was a mammoth one, but all agree that Mrs. Chauncey acquitted herself admirable as chief hostess.

Uncle Tom's Attraction.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" wasn't full Tuesday night. The company held forth in a tent near the M. K. & T. depot. It had a good band, which, at the noon parade, shone resplendent in their scarlet and gold uniforms. The populace enjoyed immensely the rendition of "Dixie" on the street, but for the most part Ada folk remained away from the performance. "Dixie" and the distorted history in "Uncle Tom's Cabin" do not mix well.

A Bouquet for the Album.

The News Souvenir Album is appreciated not only at home, but also abroad. Recently an order for one of the books was received from the editor of the Andrew County Republican, Savannah, Mo. Later the following letter was received from this stranger editor, which is an eloquent testimonial to the worth of the album as advertising literature:

SAVANNAH, Mo., 8-24, 1906.
The News, Ada, I. T.:

Gentlemen—Your album received. I think it must be a credit to your city. It certainly is a model of neatness and skill from the printer's standpoint. Fraternally, JNO. D. KERR.

A boy is not expensive, when dressed in Mrs. Jane Hopkins Boy Proof clothes—W. M. Freeman Co. 186-2t

A complete line of Mrs. Jane Hopkins Boy Proof clothes just ordered. 136-2t W. M. Freeman Co.

The most simple and yet the strongest warranty ever put on any make of trousers.

We Deliver the Goods

W. M. Freeman & Co.



The most simple and yet the strongest warranty ever put on any make of trousers.

We Deliver the Goods

W. M. Freeman & Co.

GERMAN GIRLS' SCHOOLING

No Colleges for Them in Their Own Country, But They Have a "Pension."

The German girl leaves school at about 15 years of age, by which time she has learned to sew, mend, and especially to speak English and French.

She has not learned higher mathematics, says Modern Women, but she has learned the small things which fit a girl for a housewife or companion, and that in Germany, is woman's only sphere.

However much we American girls may enjoy our colleges we dare not pity the German girls, for they have something which takes their place and of which we can have no conception until we reside in Germany a few months.

Did you ever hear of a pension? It is one of the most enjoyable things which exists. Certain influential ladies, mostly widows or maiden aunts, make known that they are willing to take a limited number of young ladies into their family.

We went to Hanover, two of us girls, with a horror and dread of a boarding school, as we heard a pension described. We found ourselves in a family of eight girls, all from the very best class of Germans, and all placed under Frau von H.—'s care for a year or more.

None of the girls had any special object in life; a few wanted to learn how to keep house, a few indulged in an hour's music lesson per week, but most of them came, as is the German custom, for the sake of becoming polished, and being escorted to concerts, theaters, balls, receptions, student Knights, etc., opportunities not afforded in smaller cities, and even not in many cities that are larger than Hanover.

Consequently our chaperon accepted invitations for her girls, parties were given and the great intimate family spent a year full of pleasure.

HORSE AND HORSELESS.

The Animal and the Auto Each Do the Other an Occasional Good Turn.

A farmer in Caliz, Ind., recently jacked up his automobile to serve in lieu of a broken engine in the shelling of corn and cutting of fodder for his live stock and horses. The latter partook of their share of the feed without showing any hard feeling toward their deadly rival, the auto.

One man who has been touring the country says that the horses have accepted the automobile more gracefully than the farmers have.

He tells the story of an automobile who met an elderly couple driving a skittish horse which decidedly objected to passing the unknown vehicle. The driver of the car stopped to offer his aid, but the man declined it with the remark:

"If you'll lead my old woman by, I guess the boss and I can make it all right."

Another horse and horses yarn comes from a man in Oregon. He says:

"When I bought my car, I marveled that the company could sell it for \$1,550. Now I marvel that they could sell it at any price. Marveling is the cheapest part of the proposition, I find.

"My particular marvel out in my barn reminds me of the man who built so much stone fence in one day that it took him two days to walk back to where he began. My car will take me—sometimes—so far from home in two hours that it takes the rest of the day for me to drive home with a providentially hired horse.

FACTS ABOUT SAFETY PIN.

Obliging Clerk Imparts Interesting Information Concerning the Article.

One dozen safety pins. Twelve cents. Thank you, madam," said the clerk. "Your change will be here in one moment."

She was very pretty. He was young. A conversation sprang up.

"There is a strange story connected with the safety pin," the clerk said. "An Englishman invented this pin some 30 or 40 years ago. For this admirable invention he was highly honored. Fetes and applause were showered upon him. If I am not mistaken, the man was even knighted.

"And about three years ago, in excavating in Pompeii, they came upon—what do you think? A perfect safety pin. Hundreds of perfect bronze safety pins. The Englishman's invention wasn't new at all. It was 2,000 years old."

The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

JERUSALEM PRISONS

ROCK-HEWN CHAMBERS JUST DISCOVERED IN HOLY CITY.

One of Them May Have Been the Place Where the Christ Was Confined—Picture on Wall Shows Him in Stocks.

Considerable interest has recently been awakened in Jerusalem in some newly opened-up ancient subterranean rock-hewn chambers which evidently adjoined, if they did not form part of, Pilate's judgment hall, and the "pavement," or the Gabbatha, of the New Testament. This was contiguous to Antonia, the Roman fortress which bounded the temple area on the north. As is well known, a considerable area of this "pavement," as it was in the time of Christ, was uncovered in about 1860, when the Sisters of Zion dug foundations for their school and the Church of Ecce Homo, and now forms one of the chief objects of interest to visitors to the Holy City. It is in the property adjoining that of the Sisters of Zion on the west that the chambers in question may now be seen. They are at the base of the hill Bazetha, on the north side of the Via Dolorosa, in the scarped face of the rock which, with its counterscarp on the south, is thought to have formed the moat on that side of the fortress of Antonia in the time of the Romans. There are several of these rock-hewn chambers, at different levels, connected with each other by passages. The upper ones are small, while one at a lower level, semi-circular in form, is larger, and all of them present unusual features in form which make it difficult to determine the use to which they were devoted—whether as mortuary chambers or as stables and storerooms, or whether, as is now claimed by the owners who have opened them to the public for inspection, they were used as dungeons and places of torture in ancient times. Their adjoining the Roman Judgment Hall favors the idea of the prison. In several of the chambers there are holes in the sides and ceiling at regular intervals through which ropes could be fastened. In one of the smaller rooms there is a rock-hewn ledge or bench of rock, open beneath, with two large holes through the ledge, which are claimed to be stocks. There is an iron eye fixed in the rock beneath the holes, as if to there tie or chain the feet of the prisoner, while above, in the low ceiling, there are three places cut out through which ropes or chains could be passed, suggesting the fastening up of his head and outstretched hands.



ENTRANCE TO ROCK-HEWN CHAMBERS.

This chamber, as it appears, is calculated to appeal strongly to the visitor, and its Greek church custodians attach to it the idea of its being "the prison of Christ," a picture in the chamber representing Him as confined in the stocks. This set of rock-hewn rooms were explored more than 30 years ago by the well-known archaeologist, Cleamont Ganneau, for the Palestine expedition Fund, in whose book ("Excavations in Jerusalem") full and minute descriptions of these chambers were given. He makes no mention of the holes in the slab which are so suggestive of stocks, or of the iron staple beneath. He suggested that this set of chambers may have communicated in the north with the quarries of Solomon, from which the building stones of the temple were doubtless obtained, and that they were used as stables and storerooms. This would explain the existence of the many rock-hewn tethering places in the walls.

What Troubled Him.

A well known Atlanta minister tells an amusing story of an Atlantan who has a wife with a sharp tongue.

Jones had come home about two in the morning rather the worse for a few highballs. As soon as he opened the door his wife, who was waiting for him in the accustomed place at the top of the stairs, where she could watch his uncertain assent, started upbraiding him for his conduct.

Jones went to bed, and when he was almost asleep could hear her still scolding him unmercifully. He dropped off to sleep and awoke after a couple of hours, only to hear his wife remark:

"I hope all the women don't have to put up with such conduct as this."

"Annie," said Jones, "are you talking again or yet?"—Atlanta Georgian.

Good Prospects.

He—So you're going to join a hunting party in the Maine woods this summer? Do you expect to bring down any game?

She—I ought to; there are going to be a whole lot of men in the crowd and just a few girls!—Detroit Free Press.

A JOVIAL KING IS HE

SISSOWATH, RULER OF CAMBODIA, DOING GAY PARIS.

His Mission to the French Capital Said to Be Diplomatic in Character—Is Accompanied by His Corps de Ballet.

It is not often that Paris is treated to the visit of such a unique and interesting party as the king and his royal retinue from Cambodia, who arrived in the French capital the other day, but Paris has risen to the occasion and has extended a welcome which has made King Sissowath, his five sons, his two ministers of state and his last but not least numerous corps de ballet of 20 dancers, to say nothing of a corps of royal singers and a hundred or so of household servants, feel at once that they are in the midst of appreciative admirers, if not friends.

In spite of the responsibilities and cares incumbent upon one with so



KING SISSOWATH OF CAMBODIA.

large a following, his majesty, King Sissowath, has a jovial countenance, and although he comes on a publicly advertised diplomatic mission, it is whispered about the capital that the expectant Parisian public will have the opportunity to judge of the grace of his personally conducted "ballerini" before his departure.

Among the dances to be given is one which recalls the stately minuet. It was introduced in Siam by the Siamese ambassadors on their return in 1868 from Versailles, where they went to render homage on the part of their king to Louis XIV. Besides this dance, there are several other entirely native figures which are chirographic evolutions rather than dances, being well regulated pantomimes and minodramas in which all movements are made to a sort of rhythm which bears a primitive resemblance to acting.

Cambodian musical instruments are primitive, loud and quaint. In the front rank figure big xylophones, ship shaped, and large rectangular boxes on rollers, the finger boards of the former being formed of a series of bamboo keys, while the finger boards of the latter are formed of thin metal plates. Then there are the brass cymbals affixed to rattan-made circles, inside of which the musicians sit doubled up and play.



SOME OF THE FAIR MEMBERS OF KING SISSOWATH'S CORPS DE BALLET.

Cambodian melody is much more seductive than it appears to be on first hearing it. The ear soon gets accustomed to the pentatonic gamut of the Asiatics. With a view of enforcing the rhythm, a series of big and small drums, having the one a high note and the other a low note in the same key, complete the orchestral arrangement. The xylophone is the favorite musical instrument of the Cambodians.

As a matter of course, every band has a conductor, but he is merely a figurehead as a leader unless the sovereign commands him to play a solo on the xylophone, of which he must be proficient; and as he is, as a rule, a virtuoso on all the Cambodian instruments, his playing is always most acceptable to the listeners. He is a bit of a marinett in his way. He carries a big stick, and when any member of the band happens to go wrong during rehearsals, he does not forget to apply it vigorously across his shoulders.

SMOKELESS POWDER TO TRY FOR THE POLE

HOW IT IS PUT IN SHELLS FOR NAVAL PRACTICE.

Some Interesting Inside Information About the Work Carried On at the Great Naval Magazine at Iona Island.

The loading of shells with smokeless powder for use upon the many ships of the United States navy is an industry of large proportions, but one about which the public seldom hears and about which it knows practically nothing. And yet one of the most important of the government plants is the great naval magazine at Iona Island, located about 40 miles from New York city, on the Hudson. The strictest of rules prevails as to visitation, and about all that the outsider ever sees is a distant glimpse of the buildings from the deck of the steamer as he sails by.

There are 125 men employed in the various departments of the plant, which comprises six spacious brick and stone powder magazines, 200 by 50 feet in size, four shell houses, two general storehouses and four powder filling buildings.

The interior of one of the powder filling houses on the island presents a novel and animated sight. The men are required to wear long white serge suits and moccasins, and no metal articles are allowed in the pockets which might cause friction. All the tools, funnels, measure cups, scales and other appliances used are made of copper. Here the delicate and somewhat dangerous business of weighing out the various smokeless powder charges is done. Even one or two grams difference in weight is carefully observed. At the Indian Head proving grounds the naval ordnance experts by tests determine the powder charge best adapted for the various guns. These firing charges are constantly being changed and revised, which keeps the filling house men very active. Daily boxes of smokeless powder are emptied into a long wooden trough. The powder looks like cut up sticks of yellow candy with holes punched through them. With a copper scoop the powder is dipped out of the trough, accurately weighed and tied up in quarter, half and full charges, in white bags. These bags have several wide streamers attached, and each is tagged with the date of filling and amount of the powder it contains.

The captain was born in Quebec in 1852, was educated at the Christian Brothers college in that city and has led a stirring, adventurous life on the ocean ever since, having commanded over 60 ships and steamers in all parts of the world. He is an authority on the navigation of the coasts of Greenland, Labrador, Hudson Bay and the bleak and barren coasts of Newfoundland. He has never lost a vessel in his long career on the ocean, although he became a shipmaster when only 17 years of age.

Capt. Bernier comes from the famous La Salle family, the early explorers who penetrated into the heart of this northern continent, and to-day is vice president of the Arctic club of New York city, which heartily indorses his proposed plans of reaching the frigid goal.

Of his plans, Capt. Bernier says: "I have been a careful student of the western ice movement as reported by competent observers, especially among the whalers, and now that the Melville-Bryant buoys have drifted out, as I predicted they would two years ago, we must be convinced that there must be a certain passage between Capt. Keegan island, off Point Barrow, and an unknown island in 75 degrees north latitude and 173 degrees west longitude, as reported in 1864.

The Jeannette's crew saw birds going in that direction in the spring of 1880, and clouds over it bearing north-east about 70 miles distant. It is my intention to put the ship in the ice from 164 to 169 degrees west longitude, and as far north as possible, working in with the lead, going on a north-

charge of quick burning black powder is stowed in the bottom of each bag. They are then placed in large copper cans and are ready for transfer aboard ships.

The heaviest charge used in the navy weighs a little over 220 pounds,

and is arranged in four quarter charges of 55 pounds each. This is for the 13-inch guns. The bags, when piled one on top of another, reach to the top of a man's head and present a formidable sight of bottled up destruction.

Another important operation performed in the filling house is loading the 13 and 12-inch projectiles with their bursting charge. For the former 50 pounds of black powder is used, and about 35 pounds for the 12-inch. To hold the shells steady and to get at the base of these huge steel missiles, weighing over 1,000 pounds each, they are roped in a sling and hoisted clear of the floor by a pulley and chain. The point is then lowered a foot or so into a stanch wooden frame with an opening a trifle larger than the shell. A long, narrow bag is inserted, and with a funnel the black powder is poured out of the covered measure into the shell. Some 50 of these giants can be loaded in a day.

Just how many shells Uncle Sam's crack fighters have stored down out of sight in their holds is not generally known, nor the cost of these death dealing missiles. Each 13-inch shell, when loaded with 220 pounds of powder, comes near to \$500; the 12-inch, with 126 pounds of powder, to over \$300. The capped armor piercing shells are considerably more costly than the common pointed ones. One of our big battleships carries 96 12-inch armor piercing, 144 12-inch common shells, 700 8-inch common shells, 300 8-inch armor piercing, 1,680 6-inch common shells, 720 6-inch armor piercing shells, 3,600 3-inch common shells, 7,200 3-pounder cartridges, 2,400 1-pounder cartridges and 300 3-pounder field gun cartridges, and this supply of about 17,000 shells and cartridges costs nearly \$700,000.

The Arctic has been fitted with a large and powerful air compressor driven by a windmill, so as to economize coal, the power thus accumulated and stored being used for the dynamos for lighting as well as heating purposes.

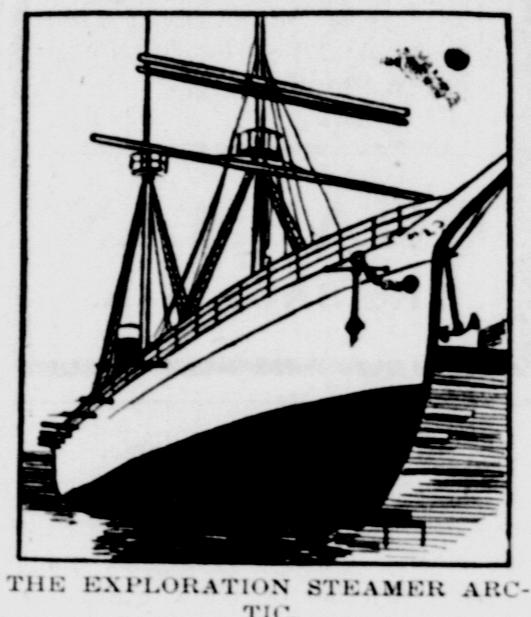
EAT BOLL WEEVIL

CANADIAN TO CONDUCT AN EXPEDITION TO ARCTIC REGIONS.

Capt. Joseph Elzear Bernier, Experienced Navigator of Northern Waters Preparing for Perilous Voyage.

What fascination the elusive north pole has for certain individuals of adventurous and scientific turn of mind. Never before has the world seen so many expeditions under way and being planned as there are to-day. Past failure, attended as it has been by death in so many cases, has seemed only to whet the desire of others to try for the coveted spot. In spite of Andre's ill-fated attempt to reach the pole by balloon, Wellman is making his last preparations for flight toward the unexplored regions to the north. Peary is lost somewhere in the frozen depths of the arctic circle, and his friends are anxiously awaiting some word which will assure them that the intrepid explorer is still alive.

But notwithstanding the tragic history of arctic explorations past and present, there are still others ready to try. The latest expedition organized



THE EXPLORATION STEAMER ARCTIC.

is that under Capt. Joseph Elzear Bernier, a Canadian, who will take the Canadian government steamer Arctic around the Horn and fit her for a voyage to the north pole via Behring straits.

The captain was born in Quebec in 1852, was educated at the Christian Brothers college in that city and has led a stirring, adventurous life on the ocean ever since, having commanded over 60 ships and steamers in all parts of the world. He is an authority on the navigation of the coasts of Greenland, Labrador, Hudson Bay and the bleak and barren coasts of Newfoundland. He has never lost a vessel in his long career on the ocean, although he became a shipmaster when only 17 years of age.

Capt. Bernier comes from the famous La Salle family, the early explorers who penetrated into the heart of this northern continent, and to-day is vice president of the Arctic club of New York city, which heartily indorses his proposed plans of reaching the frigid goal.

Of his plans, Capt. Bernier says: "I have been a careful student of the western ice movement as reported by competent observers, especially among the whalers, and now that the Melville-Bryant buoys have drifted out, as I predicted they would two years ago, we must be convinced that there must be a certain passage between Capt. Keegan island, off Point Barrow, and an unknown island in 75 degrees north latitude and 173 degrees west longitude, as reported in 1864.

The Jeannette's crew saw birds going in that direction in the spring of 1880, and clouds over it bearing north-east about 70 miles distant. It is my intention to put the ship in the ice from 164 to 169 degrees west longitude, and as far north as possible, working in with the lead, going on a north-

charge of quick burning black powder is stowed in the bottom of each bag. They are then placed in large copper cans and are ready for transfer aboard ships.

The heaviest charge used in the navy weighs a little over 220 pounds, and is arranged in four quarter charges of 55 pounds each. This is for the 13-inch guns. The bags, when piled one on top of another, reach to the top of a man's head and present a formidable sight of bottled up destruction.

Another important operation performed in the filling house is loading the 13 and 12-inch projectiles with their bursting charge. For the former 50 pounds of black powder is used, and about 35 pounds for the 12-inch. To hold the shells steady and to get at the base of these huge steel missiles, weighing over 1,000 pounds each, they are roped in a sling and hoisted clear of the floor by a pulley and chain. The point is then lowered a foot or so into a stanch wooden frame with an opening a trifle larger than the shell. A long, narrow bag is inserted, and with a funnel the black powder is poured out of the covered measure into the shell. Some 50 of these giants can be loaded in a day.

Just how many shells Uncle Sam's crack fighters have stored down out of sight in their holds is not generally known, nor the cost of these death dealing missiles. Each 13-inch shell, when loaded with 220 pounds of powder, comes near to \$500; the 12-inch, with 126 pounds of powder, to over \$300. The capped armor piercing shells are considerably more costly than the common pointed ones. One of our big battleships carries 96 12-inch armor piercing, 144 12-inch common shells, 700 8-inch common shells, 300 8-inch armor piercing, 1,680 6-inch common shells, 720 6-inch armor piercing shells, 3,600 3-inch common shells, 7,200 3-pounder cartridges, 2,400 1-pounder cartridges and 300 3-pounder field gun cartridges, and this supply of about 17,000 shells and cartridges costs nearly \$700,000.

The Arctic has been fitted with a large and powerful air compressor driven by a windmill, so as to economize coal, the power thus accumulated and stored being used for the dynamos for lighting as well as heating purposes.

The Arctic has been fitted with a large and powerful air compressor driven by a windmill, so as to economize coal, the power thus accumulated and stored being used for the dynamos for lighting as well as heating purposes.

SPORTS AND ATHLETICS

BIRDS PERFORMING GOOD SERVICE FOR COTTON GROWERS.

With a total of 295 strokes for the 72 holes, Alec Smith, of Nassau, N. J., won the open golf championship of the United States on the links of the Owrentis club at Lake Forest, Ill. No finer golf was ever seen in the country. The remarkable feature of Smith's performance was his final round of 75, made in a heavy rainstorm with a strong and fitful breeze.

An average man could not do any better if he could throw the ball as far as it can be hit with a golf club. To those who braved the storm and followed the player around it did not appear possible for any living player to do better. Smith now holds the western and national open championships, as he took the hours in the west over the Homewood links the week previous. Willie Smith, American champion with two rounds of 74 each, took second honors with a total of 302 strokes, and James Maiden, of Toledo, and Lawrence Auchterlonie, of Glenview, tied for third honors with 305 each. Willie Anderson, present title holder and four times winner of the national open championship, finished fifth. The wet greens were too much for Anderson, and he took 84 strokes, bringing his total to 307. Alexander Ross, of Oakley, finished sixth, with 310; Stewart Gardner, of Garden City, seventh, with 311. H. Chandler Egan, national amateur champion, and Gilbert Nichols, of Denver, tied for eighth with 311 each; Jack Hobens, of Englewood, N. J., finished ninth with 314. Egan took 80 for his afternoon round, but this was low enough to place him within the substantial honors of the tournament.

Alec Smith, Willie Anderson, and Lawrence Auchterlonie are rated as the leading professional golfers of the western hemisphere as a result of the championship tournament. As Willie Smith is connected with a Mexican club and is open champion of that country, Stewart Gardner completes the quartette of leading golf professionals in the United States. Plans are being made for contests similar to those in Great Britain in which Vardon and Taylor of England oppose Herd and Braid of Scotland, in which Stewart Gardner and Alec Smith will represent the east and Willie Anderson and Lawrence Auchterlonie the west. Another combination would be a contest in which Willie Smith, of Mexico, and Percy Barrett, of Canada, will oppose Alueck Smith and Stewart Gardner.

R. D. Little, one of the American expert tennis players who recently journeyed to England for the purpose of bringing back the Davis trophy, but in which they were unsuccessful, is credited with being the coming man at the net game in this country. Holcombe Warde recently returned from the disastrous invasion and makes the prediction that he will forge to the front rapidly now after his experience abroad. He showed his class in the work and made the best showing of the visiting Americans. Little has been a hard, conscientious worker at the game since his Princeton days.

Since then, however, he has shown his best form and has practically passed Collins in the past season. It would be interesting to see a test of class for him in matches with such men as Larned and Clothier. Clothier at one time looked to be the coming champion, but he has not kept up the pace he originally set. If Little has passed these men, then he must be entitled to rank close to Wright. Concerning the latter no idea of his present season's form can be obtained, owing to the loss of a finger, which spoiled the entire trip for the Americans in the last competition for the Davis cup. Wright declares that he is out of any further trips abroad to battle for the cup. He has tired of conditioning himself and this year's work showed he had fallen off in his game and service as well. Collins has fallen off in his game, showing that he cannot stand the high pace steadily, which was once his forte. Little, a more rugged man, is apparently coming now to the top of his game, and should in the next national tourney prove the runner-up if not the new champion, which title Wright now holds.

Miss May Sutton, of California, lost the tennis championship of Great Britain, which she won last year, being defeated by Miss Douglass by 2-0. The scores were 6-3, 9-7. The English player took the first set somewhat easily, but the American-British champion rallied and made a desperate effort to make up the lost ground and retain the British title. Both played almost entirely from the base lines. The only time Miss Sutton played near the net was disastrous, resulting in the loss of a point. Miss Sutton was handicapped by her exertions in the day previous, when she played three hard-fought contests.

Government Clerks in Debt.
Apropos of the clamor for old age pensions at Washington, it has dropped out that there are 18,000 unpaid government clerks

WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow: Showers.

THE EVENING NEWS.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

TEMPERATURE TODAY:

At 3 p. m., 88 degrees.

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 29, 1906

NUMBER 136

SELECTION OF SENATORS
BY VOTE OF THE PEOPLE

The action of a large number of states during the past year in selecting their candidates for the United States senate by a popular vote of the members of the party expressed in a primary election indicates the steady growing sentiment that members of the upper branch of the federal legislature should be elected by the people direct instead of being chosen by the state general assemblies as now provided by the constitution. Election of senators by the people has been agitated from time to time for a great many years. It was urged by some members of the body that framed the constitution, but the majority of the founders of the government believed that plan unwise and refused to concur in the suggestions of popular elections like those provided in the case of representatives.

Inasmuch as popular elections cannot be brought about save by a change in the constitution, some of the states have adopted the subterfuge of nominating by primaries thereby imposing upon the legislature the moral, though not legal responsibility of acting in accordance with the primary vote. If this plan continues to grow as it has recently within the next half dozen years the majority of senators will owe their seats not to the action of the legislature on its own initiative but to the majority given them at the party primary or the regular state election.

United States senators were nominated by primary in the ten Southern states this summer. These states were Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia. Although the legislatures of these states will formally elect the nominees if these primaries fail the place is to be prescribed by the constitution, every one of the men so elected will owe his seat not to the body which nominally elects them but to the people who instructed

the legislature at the polls how they should carry out the will of the majority. Of course, the legislature would not be legally bound by this primary, but no general assembly would fail to recognize the expressed will of the party to which its members belonged. Political suicide of this sort is not often committed.

Although the sentiment for popular elections of senators appears to be more deeply grounded in the Southern states than in other parts of the country, this new idea has gathered weight in the North and West, in states that have generally been considered fighting territory for both parties. Illinois but recently held its primary for the selection of a senator, and the vote was so one sided in favor of Senator Cullom that the most ardent manipulator would not dare to disregard the verdict of the people when the time comes for the action of the state legislature. In Iowa the convention of both parties have declared in favor of this method in electing their United States senators. A similar step has been taken in Wisconsin. In New England where conservatism has always held sway the people of Vermont and New Hampshire have forgotten the teachings of former Senator William E. Chandler and the late Sen. or Hon. of Massachusetts and are agitating this proposed reform. When such a day begins to take root in New England the friends of popular election of senators may have hope of ultimate success.

The discussion of this subject in recent years began in the Fifty-first Congress and continued intermittently down to the close of the Fifty-seventh, the latter being the congress in which the question was debated at great length. Favorable reports on the proposed change in the constitution were made in the senate in the first, second, Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth Congress. Unfavorable reports were also made in the same congresses while in the Fifty-sixth congress Mr. Chandler made an oral report against the proposed amendment. In the house 1000 additional reports were made in the Fifty-second, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth congresses. Kansas City Journal.

ANXIOUSLY AWAITING
THE SENATE COMMITTEE

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 29.—The towns on the segregated coal lands are awaiting with profound interest the advent of the senatorial committee to investigate the conditions of the lands and to make some recommendations as to the disposal of their surface. When the senate committee arrives it will be treated with absolute nonpartisan courtesy, for the citizens, regardless of party are united on what is best for the Choctaw nation in the matter of the settlement of their largest issue.

"What we want," said a United States official, "is the disposition of the surfaces of these lands so that it will benefit the Indians and the white man also. There are thousands of acres of coal land that are not either mined or farmed. Their Indian owners, though rich technically have nothing actually. On the same terms they had just as well own the whole continent of Africa."

If the senate committee makes a report in harmony with the facts in the case and with the wishes of the Indians and the whites alike, it is believed the eyes of the administration in Washington will be opened. There is no desire here to swindle the Indian, but there is a strong wish that the matter of the coal lands be settled once and for all time. What the lands are worth now

plays no part in the settlement. Senator Clark's assertion that they are worth a billion dollars of course is not taken seriously. No one can tell what mining property is worth. The view taken here is that Senator Clark is safe in making his billion dollar claim for the reason that the lands may be worth that amount and anything that does not involve contradiction is possible, but the value of the lands it is believed, will hardly be settled upon any fantastic computation as that offered by the Montana Croesus.

There seems to be but little doubt that both political parties will favor the disposition of the coal lands for school purposes. The Choctaw democratic party has already expressed itself in the matter. Such a disposition of the lands would insure a great school fund for the population and a perpetual income for the Indians.

Some of the Arkansas river towns in the Choctaw nation are awaiting the action of the committee. If the lands are properly disposed of, both Stigler and Ponca will boom, for thousands of acres of the very finest of the segregated lands for cotton and corn are lying idle. All of this land comes within a few miles of the limits of the towns along the Midland Valley railroad.

MR. BRYAN'S RECEPTION
ARRANGED IN DETAIL

New York, Aug. 28.—The program of the Bryan reception was made public last night. It is as follows:

The official reception is to begin with the arrival of Mr. Bryan at Pier A North River, at 4 p. m. Thursday. He will be met there by a sub-committee headed by the chairman of the reception, Gov. Wolf of Missouri. He will be welcomed by Acting Mayor McGowan in behalf of the city of New York. Six carriages will accompany the carriage carrying Bryan, which will be preceded by an escort of mounted police.

Carriage Number 1—William J. Bryan, Governor Folk, Mayor McGowan, William Hodges.

Carriage Number 2—Tom J. Johnson, Alex Proup, Norman E. Mack, Nathan Straus.

Carriage Number 3—Augustus Thomas, Commissioner O'Brien, Robert Davis, Harry Walker.

Carriage Number 4—Mayor Dahlman of Omaha, General Victor Baughman, Daniel J. Campbell, Sudge Fox.

Carriage Number 5—Major Fred Ald of Boston, Comptroller Metz, in W. Cox, John W. Tomlinson.

Carriage Number 6—William Sulzer, Henry George, Jr., Bird S. Coler, Thomas L. Petter.

Carriage Number 7—John F. Ahern, O. H. P. Belmont, Louis Nixon.

Arriving at the hotel a special committee consisting of five members of the reception from each state will receive Mr. Bryan. Then will follow the general reception, after which Mr. Bryan will spend the time in informal discussion until 7 o'clock, when he will retire to his private apartments to make arrangements to go to the Garden at 7:45 o'clock.

It has been arranged in order to accommodate those unable to gain admission to the Garden to hold an overflow meeting in Madison Square park. If stormy Mr. Bryan will address the meeting before entering the Garden and in the weather be pleasant he will address it after the Garden speech. Other speakers will be T. P. Dahlman, mayor of Omaha, N. D. Fletcher of Florida, Gov. Robert N. Glenn of North Carolina, ex Gov. Jenkins of Florida, Congressman Henry M. Goldfogel of New York and Senator Thomas F. Brady of New York.

Mrs. Jane Hopkins Security Bond Boys suits are guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Pettier have that overcoat cleaned at the K. C. tailor shop.

Ladies' skirts and jackets cleaned, dyed and pressed at K. C. tailor shop.

136-21 W. M. Freeman Co.

136-18

136-17

136-16

136-15

136-14

136-13

136-12

136-11

136-10

136-9

136-8

136-7

136-6

136-5

136-4

136-3

136-2

136-1

136-0

136-17

136-16

136-15

136-14

136-13

136-12

136-11

136-10

136-9

136-8

136-7

136-6

136-5

136-4

136-3

136-2

136-1

136-0

136-17

136-16

136-15

136-14

136-13

136-12

136-11

136-10

136-9

136-8

136-7

136-6

136-5

136-4

136-3

136-2

136-1

136-0

136-17

136-16

136-15

136-14

136-13

136-12

136-11

136-10

136-9

136-8

136-7

136-6

136-5

136-4

136-3

136-2

136-1

136-0

136-17

136-16

136-15

136-14

136-13

136-12

136-11

136-10

136-9

136-8

136-7

136-6

136-5

136-4

136-3

136-2

136-1

136-0

136-17

136-16

136-15

136-14

136-13

136-12

136-11

136-10

136-9

136-8

136-7

136-6

136-5

136-4

136-3

136-2

136-1

136-0

136-17

136-16

136-15

136-14

136-13

OTIS B. WEAVER, PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, BUSINESS MGR.

Entered as second-class mail, matter, March 24, 1904, at the post-office at Ada, Indian Territory, under the Act of Congress, March 3, 1893.

Advertising rates on application

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Subject to the action of the Democratic county primary election.

For Sheriff
ROBERT NESTER
A. A. (GUS) BOBBITT
I. E. (LEM) MITCHELL
MART WALSH
JAMES D. GAAR
J. D. (ED) FUSSELL

For County Clerk
C. A. (CHARLIE) POWERS
W. S. (SAM) KERR
H. WOODARD

For County Treasurer
J. C. CATES

For County Tax Assessor
C. C. HARGIS
W. H. NETTLES.

How have the last few days been for cold days in August?

INTEREST grows in the name contest. It isn't a mere nominal election.

SCHOOL days are drawing near. Are you getting those children ready?

Less than ten weeks till we must elect a delegate. What are you going to do about it?

THURSDAY will receive a new dignity. Hereafter, it will not only be known as Thanksgiving Day, but also as Bryan Homecoming Day.

GET behind the Ada Public schools. Lend the corps of teachers your unqualified support, they will work better when the patrons stand by them.

THOUGH the enumerator's report does not show as many people as Ada could hold, still what there are of us—every man, woman and child will vote for our water, and thereby for more people, more business, more money, more

GERRYMANDER MISSCARRIES. Republicans can not carry a District in old Pott.

Shawnee, Okla. Aug. 29.—The gerrymander whereby the districting board sought to get just one republican district in this county, has failed. A careful poll of the district, formed of the Fourth and Fifth wards of Shawnee, all of Tecumseh and Earpboro, part of the surrounding county, and possibly a few shees of Arkansas and Texas, was supposed to be republican because of the large "cullid" vote. The negro voters, however, as they are to be denied representation, will not vote with the bosses. They propose to nominate their own candidate from their own race and also to vote for him solid. The move is meeting with the encouragement of many republicans who are tired of the gerrymander work.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE.

Territorial Organization Closes Session at Southtown.

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 29. The Republican Territorial committee has just finished a session in this city which was largely attended. The committee selected Oct. 9 as the date of holding district conventions to nominate candidates for the constitutional convention.

A resolution in favor of the amalgamation of the committee with that of Oklahoma was passed and Chairman Grant Victor was nominated as a committee of one to confer with the Oklahoma committee and to select some method of amalgamation.

The committee decided upon a short campaign. A resolution was adopted providing that the members of the committee having jurisdiction over the Territory should appoint a committee of three Republicans in each district to take the registration. To elect delegates to the constitutional convention, the said conventions to be held on Oct. 9, and that precinct meetings to elect delegates to these primary conventions should be held on Oct. 4.

In addition to the powers conferred upon him in regard to the amalgamation of the two committees, Chairman Grant Victor was also empowered to name a finance committee of seven, a speakers' bureau of seven, a platform committee of seven and a press bureau. Col. William Bushy was appointed chairman of the finance committee.

500 Carloads of Watermelons.

Cement, I. T., Aug. 29.—Moving the watermelon crop began two weeks ago and 120 cars have been shipped to Kansas City, Wichita, St. Louis and Denver. It is estimated that before the season closes more than 500 cars will be sent out.

THE EVILS OF CONSTIPATION.

Everyone Knows When He is Constipated and Everyone Should Know the Risk He is Running When He Fails to Promptly Correct it.

Any Disease Epidemic or Otherwise to Which He or She May be Exposed is Sure to Result Seriously.

There are two ways to remove constipation; the wrong way is to drench the bowels with a powerful, griping, drastic cathartic that injures the coating of the bowel channels and produces an early return of the trouble in a more chronic form. The right way is to use a natural, easy and mild laxative that tones up and strengthens the bowels and leaves a healthful influence behind it. Prickly Ash Bitters will empty the bowels just as thoroughly as the harsher cathartics, and combines all the tonic and strengthening properties necessary to permanently cure the habit.

About a third of us are school children. This indicates that the Roosevelt propaganda has taken root in these parts.

CENSUS COMPLETED.

Not So Many People Here as Ought to Be.

The official enumeration of Ada's population, preliminary to issuing a call for an election on the issuance of waterworks bonds, has been completed. W. B. Adair, who took the census, returns the following figures:

Ward No. 1	778
Ward No. 2	402
Ward No. 3	988
Ward No. 4	898

Total	3,036
School Children	976

There are several reasons why our population shows up so short at this time. One is that so many of our people are away at various watering places for the summer. Another reason is, a great many got frightened upon the enumerator's approach and left home, thinking he was the tax assessor.

"Here's where you have a chance to study human nature," says the superintendent of a Chicago apartment house, according to the Inter Ocean. "Why, I can tell as soon as I have gone over an apartment with a couple whether they live happily together.

"If they talk over the attractive corners and she tells where his reading lamp will go, and he says that is a nice corner for her tea table, they are pretty sure to be home folks.

"If he digs holes in the floor with his cane while she makes a quick survey of the rooms and orders repairs in a lifeless fashion, they are merely setting a shell of a home in which to hang the skeleton of their one-time domestic happiness."

"You are to raid women, too, in this business," he continues. "The woman who talks about the lovely flat she has and how the hats to leave it but Henry is bound to come up town, who criticizes everything in the apartment and fairly shifts the air for trouble, will make a nagging, fault finding tenant, and if I had my way I'd raise her rent."

"The woman who wears a stylish dress in the newest coloring and fabric, but whose shoes are run down at the heel, whose finger tops need manuring and whose underskirts hang in tatters of embroidery below her skirts is sure to be a sloppy housekeeper and ruin the fittings in the flat."

"References count for something, but not everything. A doubtful party always comes well armed with references, but when a woman and a man look at each other doubtfully and wonder whether they had best give the name of their uncle, or his employer, or their last landlord, I take heart and know they are not up to Chicago tricks."

"The bane of the apartment house superintendent is the Sunday rush. All through April we work early and late showing apartments on Sunday. On a pleasant Sunday we show perhaps 200 callers over apartments and rent possibly two. On a rainy Monday we have three callers and rent two apartments. Rainy day flat hunters mean business."

"I do not believe any man would move if he had his own way. He would rather pay more rent, put in a gas stove if the steam heat is not all that it ought to be, sleep on a mattress stretched on the boards laid over the bathtub, if the flat is too small—anything rather than move. Moving has driven more than one well intentioned man to drink."

Rally of Coal Belt Democrats.

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 29.—The Democracy of Coal belt is preparing for the monster celebration at Krebs on the 30th of this month. Democrats from all parts of the new state will be present in large numbers and the usual candidate speeches will be made.

Lawn Social.

The Ladies' circle, Angelo grove No. 42, will give an ice cream supper Friday night on the lawn of Mrs. Jeff Reed. Everybody invited. Susie A. Burch, clerk. 136-2t

Galveston's Sea Wall.

Monday of this week Henry Clews, the well known New York banker, posted this bulletin in his office.

AMERICA'S GREATNESS

"Corn crop this year, 2,700,000,000 bushels. Wheat crop 722,000,000 bushels. Cotton crop, 11,000,000 bales. United States Steel Corporation's net profit for the last quarter, \$40,000,000. A man died today in Acron, Ill., who weighed 460 pounds, and was 73 inches around the waist. This should not be surprising, for he was born in the corn belt country. A dark lady in Texas recently gave birth to six blackies. What a country! What a people!"

Big Prospects.

Galveston's Sea Wall.

makes life now as safe in that city as on the higher uplands. E. W. Goodloe, who resides on Dutton St., in Waco, Texas, needs no sea wall for safety. He writes: "I have used Dr. King's new discovery for consumption the past 5 years and it keeps me well and safe. Before that time I had a cough which for years had been growing worse. Now it's gone." Cures chronic coughs, in grippe, croup, whooping cough and prevents pneumonia. Pleasant to take. Every bottle guaranteed at G. M. Ramsey's and F. Z. Holley's drug stores. Price 50c and \$1. Trial bottle.

A Mystery Solved

"How to keep off periodic attacks of biliousness and habitual constipation was a mystery that Dr. King's new life pills solved for me," writes John N. Pleasant, of Magnolia, Ind. The only pills that are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction to everybody or money refunded. Only 25c at G. M. Ramsey's and F. Z. Holley's drug stores.

A Vote Winner.

The News respectfully solicits the printing of your cards announcing to your friends and those you may meet, your candidacy. The card method of soliciting support has been demonstrated to be good; it helps to become acquainted and will win you votes.

In Self Defense

Major Hamm, editor and manager of the Constitutional, Eminence, Ky., when he was attacked 4 years ago by piles, bought a box of Bucklen's arnica salve, of which he says: "It cured me in ten days and no trouble since." Quickest healer of burns, sores, cuts and wounds. 25c at G. M. Ramsey's and F. Z. Holley's drug stores.

A Vote Winner.

You called on me 7 years ago with Dr. Mendenhall's Chill Cure and told me it was better than any other. I asked you to show me. It has been shown and proven that more people stay with your Chill Tonic than any other."—C. H. Martin, druggist. Sold by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

Look out for malaria. It is seasonable now. A few doses of Prickly Ash Bitters is a sure preventative.

REMOVAL NOTICE

I have moved my shop over Freeman's store, and am better prepared than ever to do your work in first class shape. Clothes made to order a specialty.

Also do cleaning, repairing, dyeing and dressing clothes.

All work called for and delivered.

C. A. BERRY

TAILOR

Over Freeman's Store

MISS NELLIE KENNEDY,

TRAINED NURSE.

Kansas City, Ind. Ter.

Phone No. 33.

VEALS CHARACTER

PECULIARITIES OF SEX APPEAR IN VEAL-HUNTING.

Men Hate to Move When Once Settled—Women Enjoy Their Foothills in Making Selection.

"Here's where you have a chance to study human nature," says the superintendent of a Chicago apartment house, according to the Inter Ocean. "Why, I can tell as soon as I have gone over an apartment with a couple whether they live happily together.

"If they talk over the attractive corners and she tells where his reading lamp will go, and he says that is a nice corner for her tea table, they are pretty sure to be home folks.

"If he digs holes in the floor with his cane while she makes a quick survey of the rooms and orders repairs in a lifeless fashion, they are merely setting a shell of a home in which to hang the skeleton of their one-time domestic happiness."

"The woman who wears a stylish dress in the newest coloring and fabric, but whose shoes are run down at the heel, whose finger tops need manuring and whose underskirts hang in tatters of embroidery below her skirts is sure to be a sloppy housekeeper and ruin the fittings in the flat."

"References count for something, but not everything. A doubtful party always comes well armed with references, but when a woman and a man look at each other doubtfully and wonder whether they had best give the name of their uncle, or his employer, or their last landlord, I take heart and know they are not up to Chicago tricks."

"The bane of the apartment house superintendent is the Sunday rush. All through April we work early and late showing apartments on Sunday. On a pleasant Sunday we show perhaps 200 callers over apartments and rent possibly two. On a rainy Monday we have three callers and rent two apartments. Rainy day flat hunters mean business."

"I do not believe any man would move if he had his own way. He would rather pay more rent, put in a gas stove if the steam heat is not all that it ought to be, sleep on a mattress stretched on the boards laid over the bathtub, if the flat is too small—anything rather than move. Moving has driven more than one well intentioned man to drink."

"Sunday morning, long before the church bells rung," says Mr. Ashley, "we were gathered in the darkened front of the store. I had stopped at the post office for my mail, and as I stepped out again into the bright sunshine of that August morning, a couple of sailors lumbered hastily by and dodged around the corner. As they were vanishing, one of the 'owners' appeared in the street, gazing up and down in a mystified manner, vainly seeking a glimpse of the runaways. When he saw me he hailed cheerfully. From the alley whence he had emerged, a series of devilish boos followed him, then a wagon-load of sea-men appeared, being trundled off to the river. Swinging and pitching as the cart jolted over the cobblestones, they boisterously spoke each passerby, making the street hideous with their yells. Before I entered the store I saw them, one by one, dropping over the tail-board, utterly oblivious of the protests of the unfortunate dry goods clerk who was held responsible for their delivery.

"The front shop was crowded and noisy, but the real hubbub was in a small back room. Here the sailors howling and pounding, were locked up when caught, and held till the return of the wagon to take them off to the river. Word was received that the mate refused to go on board till he had partaken of his Sunday dinner. On various pretexts others sought to get off for a while longer—one had forgotten to bid his mother good-bye, another had left home without an overcoat. The clerks rushed frantically about. Each man had to be round up—not once, but half a dozen times."

Diplomatic Subject.

Italy's King recently paid a visit to Vesuvius. On the occasion of a previous visit an Italian newspaper announced that "the eruption had the honor of being witnessed by his majesty." It was a German paper that once stated that a certain royal prince was graciously pleased to be born yesterday." Equally courtierlike was an army officer in attendance on the king of Spain not long ago. The king asked him what was the time. The courtier fumbled for his watch, but could not find it, then respectfully replied: "Whatever time your majesty pleases."

THE O. B. WEAVER FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY

Invites a share of your insurance patronage. It represents the strongest company in the world, and the many others represented are just as good. These companies all made a leading showing in the prompt payment of their Frisco losses. Correct rates assured.

R. O. WHEELER, MANAGER

WANT YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS

They will be compounded with the purest drugs that can be bought for money. YOURS FOR PRESCRIPTIONS

W. T. NOLEN

4 Trains a Day

Between

Chicago, Indianapolis and Cincinnati

VIA

MONON ROUTE

Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.

Finest Pullman Equipment, including Compartment Cars. Incomparable Dining-Car Service.

The "LIMITED," A NEW TRAIN, leaving Chicago at 11:20 p. m., arriving Cincinnati 7:35 a. m., and leaving Cincinnati 11:25 p. m., arriving Chicago 7:40 a. m., is an especially popular train. Carries Indianapolis layover sleeper.

Chas. H. Rockwell.

Frank J. Reed,

Traffic Manager.

Gen. Pass. Agent

THE SUNSET ROUTE

OCEAN to OCEAN

Offers the Best

Fast Trains, Latest Dining, Sleeping and Observation Cars Between

New Orleans and California, Daily

Through Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, and will carry you over the

LOCAL NEWS

K. C.—Keep clean. 136 tf
Mrs. W. H. Ebey is ill today.
J. M. Walsh is in Tupelo today.
Phone 70 for anything in Heinz goods.
138-tf
Hear Bro. T. B. Harrell at the Baptist church tonight.
My motto, "First-class work or no pay." K. C. 136 tf
Jas. M. Walsh sells for cash only.
138-tf
Smoke Cinco. Sold at Smoke House.
135 10t
We are all glad to see A. K. Thornton on the streets again.
Smoke Cinco. Sold at Smoke House.
135 10t
Mrs. Oran Nelson, of Francis, was in the city today en route to her home from Oklahoma City.
If you want the White Swan canned goods, phone us. M. L. Walsh. 95-tf
Hamilton Brown school shoes are record breakers for good service. 136 2
J. B. Tolbert is giving his residence on Broadway a recoating of paint.
Remember that this is the last week that a large picture goes with the dozen best photos at P. K. Smith's. 135 4t
Heinz pure cider vinegar 10c Qt.
Phone 70. 133-tf
See those large and beautiful portraits at Smith's. One given with every dozen of the best photos. 126-tf
You get a guarantee with the boys' clothing we sell you. W. M. Freeman & Co. 136 2t
Frank Jones and sons, Frank Jr., Boone and Harry returned today from a few weeks visit in Palestine.
I have two nice rocking chairs and two heaters for sale. John McKinley. 135-2t
Chas. Long, one of Midland's leading merchants was in the city today purchasing merchandise.
A 10x16 portrait given with every dozen of the best photographs. —P. K. Smith. 126-tf
Mrs. F. M. Etter left today for her home in Sillsbee, Texas, after a two weeks' visit with her brother, S. M. Shaw.
FOR RENT.—Good office rooms on Main street. Little Bros. 104-tf
M. L. Walsh will furnish you with the White Swan brand. Phone 17. 95-tf
FOR RENT—Two room house; close in. R. O. Wheeler. News office. 135 2
Mr. and Mrs. Oscar E. Cannon and Clifford and Glen Hardin returned Tuesday after a two weeks visit in Hillsboro, Texas.
When you buy the boys' school suits at our store they will give satisfaction. W. M. Freeman & Co. 136 2t
FOR SALE—Eighty acres of land 2 1/2 miles southeast of Oklahoma City. A bargain if taken at once. Will accept some Ada property. W. W. Rader. 133 3t
If style, quality and workmanship are the points you consider in buying Boys clothing Jane Hopkins Security Bond suits will please you. 136-2t W. M. Freeman Co.
The bridge just across the Katy tracks on Main street is completed and facilitates no little traffic and travel in that end of town.
LOST—Ladies small, gold-filled, chainless watch, open face, L. B. D engraved on back. Finder please return same to Harris hotel and get reward. 135 3t
A school boy and girl needs a serviceable shoe. We have a shoe especially made for hard service. W. M. Freeman & Co. 136 2t
W. W. Higgins and family left today for Houston, Texas, where Mr. Higgins will teach in the city school. Mr. Higgins has been an active citizen of Ada for five years and the many friends of the family are grieved to see them leave Ada. The News will follow and keep them informed about the best town in Oklahoma.
Jane Hopkins Boy Proof clothing contains the best material, style and workmanship that can be put into a suit for \$5.00 W. M. Freeman Co. 136-2t

News' Name Election.

Official Ticket

Should the Name of Ada be Changed?
Assuming a Change, What Name do You Prefer?
[Signature]
[Street Address]

Walsh handles the White Swan canned goods. Phone 17. 95-tf

Try the cash system and see what you save. Phone 70. 138-tf

We guarantee our Cupid flour. No 17. Walsh. 95-tf

I will trade a good sewing machine for a shoot, also an organ for a piano. 120-24t w18-4t Lee Smith.

Money saved by buying of Jas. M. Walsh, spot cash to all. Phone 70. 129t

The little daughter of George Hokit, who lives 6 miles west of town, died Monday night at 8 o'clock. The funeral occurred at the Union Hill schoolhouse Tuesday afternoon.

Cupid flour at No. 17. Guaranteed the best. 95-tf

Cupid flour, best on earth at Walsh's No. 17. 95-tf

Rev. Harrell is much improved today and will conduct the prayer meeting services tonight. Do not fail to attend.

Heinz sweet or sour pickles 10c doz. Phone 70. 133-tf

C. S. Owens, vice president of the District Anti Horse Thief association, said today that between four and six hundred delegates would attend the state meeting to convene in Ada at an early date.

Get your cold drinks and confectionaries at Evan's neatly furnished ice cream parlor. 112-tf.

At Mrs. Chauncey's.

Undoubtedly the most delightful social events of the season occurred at the delightful home of Mrs. C. M. Chauncey Tuesday afternoon from three to six. The occasion was the Woman's Home Mission Society of the M. E. church entertaining the Aids of all the churches of the city. The reception rooms were beautifully decorated with flowers and the dining room tastefully beautified with green and white.

Fratte and ice cream were served to the one hundred guests who were unanimous in their decision that the occasion was the most delightful in the history of Ada. The event was a mammoth one, but all agree that Mrs. Chauncey acquitted herself admirable as chief hostess.

Uncle Tom's Attraction.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" wasn't full Tuesday night. The company held forth in a tent near the M. K. & T. depot. It had a good band, which, at the noon parade, shone resplendent in their scarlet and gold uniforms. The populace enjoyed immensely the rendition of "Dixie" on the street, but for the most part Ada folk remained away from the performance. "Dixie" and the distorted history in "Uncle Tom's Cabin" do not mix well.

Bouquet for the Album.

The News Souvenir Album is appreciated not only at home, but also abroad. Recently an order for one of the books was received from the editor of the Andrew County Republican, Savannah, Mo. Later the following letter was received from this stranger editor, which is an eloquent testimonial to the worth of the album as advertising literature.

SAVANNAH, MO., 8-24. 1906

The News, Ada, I. T.

Gentlemen—Your album received I think it must be a credit to your city. It certainly is a model of neatness and skill from the printer's standpoint. Fraternally, JNO. D. KERI

A Boy is not expensive when dressed in Mrs. Jane Hopkins Boy Proof clothes—W. M. Freeman Co. 186-2t

A complete line of Mrs. Jane Hopkins Boy Proof clothes just ordered. 136-2t W. M. Freeman Co.



The most simple and yet the strongest warranty ever put on any make of trousers.

We Deliver the Goods

W. M. Freeman & Co.

GERMAN GIRLS' SCHOOLING

No Colleges for Them in Their Own Country, But They Have a "Pension."

The German girl leaves school at about 15 years of age, by which time she has learned to sew, mend, and especially to speak English and French. She has not learned higher mathematics, says Modern Women, but she has learned the small things which fit a girl for a housewife or companion, and that in Germany, is woman's only sphere.

However much we American girls may enjoy our colleges we dare not pity the German girls, for they have something which takes their place and of which we can have no conception until we reside in Germany a few months.

Did you ever hear of a pension? It is one of the most enjoyable things which exists. Certain influential ladies, mostly widows or maiden aunts, make known that they are willing to take a limited number of young ladies into their family.

We went to Hanover, two of us girls, with a horror and dread of a boarding school, as we heard a pension described. We found ourselves in a family of eight girls, all from the very best class of Germans, and all placed under Frau von H—'s care for a year or more.

None of the girls had any special object in life; a few wanted to learn how to keep house, a few indulged in an hour's music lesson per week, but most of them came, as is the German custom, for the sake of becoming polished, and being escorted to concerts, theaters, balls, receptions, student Kneipen, etc., opportunities not afforded in smaller cities, and even not in many cities that are larger than Hanover.

Consequently our chaperon accepted invitations for her girls, parties were given and the great intimate family spent a year full of pleasure.

HORSE AND HORSELESS.

The Animal and the Auto Each Do the Other an Occasional Good Turn.

A farmer in Caudill, Ind., recently jacked up his automobile to serve in lieu of a broken engine in the shelling of corn and cutting of fodder for his live stock and horses. The latter partook of their share of the feed without showing any hard feeling toward their deadly rival, the auto.

One man who has been touring the country says that the horses have accepted the automobile more gracefully than the farmers have.

He tells the story of an automobile who met an elderly couple driving a skittish horse which decidedly objected to passing the unknown vehicle. The driver of the car stopped to offer his aid, but the man declined it with the remark:

"If you'll lead my old woman by, I guess the horse and I can make it all right."

Another horse and horses yarn comes from a man in Oregon. He says:

"When I bought my car, I marveled that the company could sell it for \$1,550. Now I marvel that they could sell it at any price. Marveling is the cheapest part of the proposition, I find."

"My particular marvel out in my barn reminds me of the man who built so much stone fence in one day that it took him two days to walk back to where he began. My car will take me—sometimes—so far from home in two hours that it takes the rest of the day for me to drive home with a providentially hired horse."

FACTS ABOUT SAFETY PIN.

Obliging Clerk Imparts Interesting Information Concerning the Article.

She is a Go.

W. W. Norton says it's no bluff, the warehouse will be constructed at once. "There are enough funds already to guarantee its erection and maintenance," he said. There will be a call meeting of the local union this evening to consider important matters.

Bro. Harrell Tonight.

Rev. Harrell will conduct the prayer meeting at the Baptist church tonight. Do not fail to come out and hear him.

To the Public.

I respectfully notify the public that I have accepted a position with the O. B. Weaver Fire Insurance Agency, and I earnestly solicit on behalf of this substantial fire agency the insurance patronage of my friends. The strongest company in the world and others just as safe are represented by this agency.

R. O. WHEELER.

"Security Bond" the best Boys clothing on earth—W. M. Freeman Co. 136-2t

Warning Order.

In the United States Court in the Indian Territory, Southern District: Josie Mauldin, Plaintiff, vs. Joe Mauldin, Defendant, No. 822.

The defendant Joe Mauldin is warned to appear in this Court in thirty days and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, Josie Mauldin.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Dickerson, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof this 22nd day of August, 1906.

[SEAL] C. M. CAMPBELL, Clerk.

By A. H. CONSTANT, Deputy. Galbraith and McKeown, Attorneys. Attorney for non-resident: W. C. Edwards.

'SWEETNING'

Is an attractive word, but here are a few prices on on "sweetening" that will attract the attention of every housewife in Ada.

East Texas Ribbon Cane per gallon 65c

Louisiana Ribbon Cane, per gallon 70c

P & F Cero Debatterie, per gallon 65c

Evangeline, per gallon 65c

Maple \$1.25

Home Made Sorghum, per gallon 50c

Honey Drips (Corn Syrup) per gallon 40c

Don't forget us when you get hungry.

Jones Bros.

Successors to Jones & Meaders

FURMAN & CROXTON

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice. Office in Duncan Building.

C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown GALBRAITH & McKEOWN LAWYERS

Over Citizens National Bank Ada, Ind. Ter.

DR. CORDELIA FOUTZ OSTEOPATH

Office and Residence at M. M. Sander's home on South Broadway. Phone 245.

ADA, IND. TER.

DR. W. T. NOLEN PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office over Little building, next door to Nolen drug store

Office Phone 91 Res. Phone 11

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Is given up to be best. Do

Largest Agency Work

of any plant in this Territory

Reed & Harrison Wholesale and Retail Buggies

The Best Makes, the Lowest Prices

Blown Table Tumblers at 5c each.

Butter sets in plain glass, including butter dish, cream pitcher and spoon holder, 39c a set.

Stoneware

Come here for your Stoneware. You will find it here for about half what you generally pay. The usual price is 10c a gallon—buy all you want here at 6c a gallon.

We are selling Stoneware dirt cheap.

Milk Pans or Crocks, 1 gallon, usual price 10c., our price 6c

Milk Pans or Crocks, 2 gallon, usual price 20c., our price 12c

Our Stationery Department

This is, has been and will be one of the most successful in the store. We sell pens, ink, mucilage, glue, composition books, ledgers, journals, day books, tablets both for pencil and ink, ruled and unruled 5c.

We also in this department

keep slates, slate pencils,

school boxes and school supplies.

5c

I have opened the

Twelfth Street Meet Market

and ask a share of your patronage. Nothing but the best of meats will be carried and your patronage will be given the most careful attention.

C. L. HICKEY

Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted

C. J. Warren, Optician

Phone 77.

Nickel Store.

The 5c and 10c store of Ada, I. T.

S. M. Shaw, Prop

New location on Main street

third door west of Rollow's corner.

Phone 77.

5c

5c

5c

5c

5c

</div

JERUSALEM PRISONS

A JOVIAL KING IS HE

SMOKELESS POWDER TO TRY FOR THE POLE

EAT BOLL WEEVIL

SPORTS AND ATHLETICS

ROCK-Hewn CHAMBERS JUST DISCOVERED IN HOLY CITY.

One of Them May Have Been the Place Where the Christ Was Confined—Picture on Wall Shows Him in Stocks.

Considerable interest has recently been awakened in Jerusalem in some newly opened-up ancient subterranean rock-hewn chambers which evidently adjoined, if they did not form part of, Pilate's judgment hall, and the "pavement," or the Gabbatha, of the New Testament. This was contiguous to Antonia, the Roman fortress which bounded the temple area on the north. As is well known, a considerable area of this "pavement," as it was in the time of Christ, was uncovered in about 1860, when the Sisters of Zion dug for foundations for their school and the Church of Ecce Homo, and now forms one of the chief objects of interest to visitors to the Holy City. It is in the property adjoining that of the Sisters of Zion on the west that the chambers in question may now be seen. They are at the base of the hill Bazzetha, on the north side of the Via Dolorosa, in the scarped face of the rock which, with its counterscarp on the south, is thought to have formed the moat on that side of the fortress of Antonia in the time of the Romans. There are several of these rock-hewn chambers, at different levels, connected with each other by passages. The upper ones are small, while one at a lower level, semicircular in form, is larger, and all of them present unusual features in form which make it difficult to determine the use to which they were devoted—whether as mortuary chambers or as stables and storerooms, or whether, as is now claimed by the owners who have opened them to the public for inspection, they were used as dungeons and places of torture in ancient times. Their adjoining the Roman Judgment Hall favors the idea of the prison. In several of the chambers there are holes in the sides and ceiling at regular intervals through which ropes could be fastened. In one of the smaller rooms there is a rock-hewn ledge or bench of rock, open beneath, with two large holes through the ledge, which are claimed to be stocks. There is an iron eye fixed in the rock beneath the holes, as if to there tie or chain the feet of the prisoner, while above, in the low ceiling, there are three places cut out through which ropes or chains could be passed, suggesting the fastening up of his head and outstretched hands.



ENTRANCE TO ROCK Hewn CHAMBERS

This chamber, as it appears, is calculated to appeal strongly to the visitor, and its Greek church custodians attach to it the idea of its being "the prison of Christ," a picture in the chamber representing Him as confined in the stocks. This set of rock-hewn rooms were explored more than 10 years ago by the well known archaeologist, Cleamont Ganneau for the Palestine expedition Fund in whose book ("Excavations in Jerusalem") full and minute descriptions of these chambers were given. He makes no mention of the holes in the slab which are so suggestive of stocks, or of the iron staple beneath. He suggested that this set of chambers may have communicated in the north with the quarries of Solomon, from which the building stones of the temple were doubtless obtained, and that they were used as stables and storerooms. This would explain the existence of the many rock-hewn tethering places in the walls.

What Troubled Him.

A well known Atlanta minister tells an amusing story of an Atlantan who has a wife with sharp tongue.

Jones had come home about two in the morning rather the worse for a few highballs. As soon as he opened the door his wife, who was waiting for him in the accustomed place at the top of the stairs, where she could watch his uncertain ascent, started upbraiding him for his conduct.

Jones went to bed, and when he was almost asleep could hear her still scolding him unmercifully. He dropped off to sleep and awoke after a couple of hours, only to hear his wife remark:

"I hope all the women don't have to put up with such conduct as this."

"Annie," said Jones, "are you talking again or yet?"—Atlanta Georgian.

Good Prospects.

He—So you're going to join a hunting party in the Maine woods this summer? Do you expect to bring down any game?

She—I ought to, there are going to be a whole lot of men in the crowd and just a few girls!—Detroit Free Press.

SISSOWATH, RULER OF CAMBODIA, DOING GAY PARIS.

His Mission to the French Capital Said to Be Diplomatic in Character—Is Accompanied by His Corps de Ballet.

It is not often that Paris is treated to the visit of such a unique and interesting party as the king and his royal retinue from Cambodia, who arrived in the French capital the other day, but Paris has risen to the occasion and has made King Sisowath, his five sons, two ministers of state and his last but not least numerous corps de ballet of 20 dancers, to say nothing of a corps of royal singers and a hundred or so of household servants, feel at once that they are in the midst of appreciative admirers, if not friends.

In spite of the responsibilities and cares incumbent upon one with so



KING SISSOWATH OF CAMBODIA

a following, his majesty King Sisowath, has a jovial countenance, and although he comes on a publicly advertised diplomatic mission, it is whispered about the capital that the expectant Parisian public will have the opportunity to judge of the grace of his personally conducted balletini before his departure.

Among the dances to be given is one which recalls the stately minuet. It was introduced in Siam by the Siamese ambassador on their return in 1856 from Versailles where they went to render homage on the part of their king to Louis XIV. Besides this dance there are several other entirely native figures which are chiropographic evolutions rather than dances, being well regulated pantomimes and minor dramas in which all movements are made to a sort of rhythm which bears a primitive resemblance to acting.

Cambodian musical instruments are primitive loud and quaint. In the front rank figure big xylophones, ship shapes, and large rectangular boxes on rollers, the finger boards of the former being formed of a series of bamboo keys, while the finger boards of the latter are formed of thin metal plates. Then there are the brass cymbals affixed to rattan made circles, in side of which the musicians sit doubled up and play.



SOME OF THE FAIR MEMBERS OF KING SISSOWATH'S CORPS DE BALLET

Cambodian melody is much more seductive than it appears to be on first hearing it. The ear soon gets accustomed to the pentatonic gamut of the Asians. With a view of enforcing the rhythm, a series of big and small drums, having the one a high note and the other a low note in the same key, complete the orchestral arrangement. The xylophone is the favorite musical instrument of the Cambodians.

As a matter of course, every band has a conductor, but he is merely a figurehead as a leader unless the sovereign commands him to play a rule, a virtuoso on all the Cambodian instruments, his playing is always most acceptable to the listeners. He is a bit of a marinet in his way. He carries a big stick, and when any member of the band happens to go wrong during rehearsals, he does not forget to apply it vigorously across his shoulders.

Good Prospects.

He—So you're going to join a hunting party in the Maine woods this summer? Do you expect to bring down any game?

She—I ought to, there are going to be a whole lot of men in the crowd and just a few girls!—Detroit Free Press.

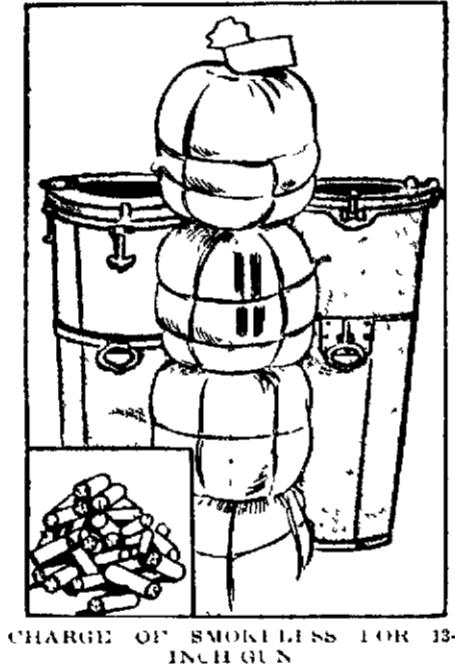
HOW IT IS PUT IN SHELLS FOR NAVAL PRACTICE.

Some Interesting Inside Information About the Work Carried on at the Great Naval Magazine at Iona Island.

The loading of shells with smokeless powder for use upon the many ships of the United States navy is an industry of large proportions, but one about which the public seldom hears and about which it knows practically nothing. And yet one of the most important of the government plants is the great naval magazine at Iona Island, located about 40 miles from New York city, on the Hudson. The strictest of rules prevails as to visitation, and about all that the outsider ever sees is a distant glimpse of the buildings from the deck of the steamer as he sails by.

There are 125 men employed in the various departments of the plant, which comprise six spacious brick and stone powder magazines, 200 by 50 feet in size, four shell houses, two general storehouses and four powder filling buildings.

The interior of one of the powder filling houses on the island presents a novel and animated sight. The men are required to wear long white serge suits and moccasins, and no metal articles are allowed in the pockets which might cause friction. All the tools, funnels, measure cups, scales and other appliances used are made of copper. Here the delicate and somewhat dangerous business of weighing out the various smokeless powder charges is done. Even one or two grams difference in weight is carefully observed. At the Indian Head proving grounds the naval ordnance experts by tests determine the powder charge best adapted for the various guns. These firing charges are constantly being changed and revised, which keeps the filling house men very active. Daily boxes of smokeless powder are emptied into a long wooden trough. The powder looks like cut up sticks of yellow candy with holes punched through them. With a copper scoop the powder is dipped out of the trough accurately weighed and tied up in quarter, half and full charges, in white bags. These bags have several wide steamers attached, and each is tagged with the date of filling and amount of the powder it contains. A small ignition



CHARGE OF SMOKELESS POWDER

charge of quick burning black powder is stowed in the bottom of each bag. They are then placed in large copper cans and are ready for transfer aboard ships.

The heaviest charge used in the navy weighs a little over 220 pounds, and is arranged in four quarter charges of 55 pounds each. This is for the 13-inch guns. The bags, when piled one on top of another, reach to the top of a man's head and present a formidable sight of bottled up destruction.

Another important operation performed in the filling house is loading the 13 and 12-inch projectiles with their bursting charge. For the former 50 pounds of black powder is used, and about 35 pounds for the 12-inch. To hold the shells steady and to get at the base of these huge steel missiles, weighing over 1,000 pounds each, they are roped in a sling and hoisted clear of the floor by a pulley and chain. The point is then lowered a foot or so into a stanch wooden frame with an opening a trifle larger than the shell. A long, narrow bag is inserted, and with a funnel the black powder is poured out of the covered measure into the shell. Some 50 of these giants can be loaded in a day.

Just how many shells Uncle Sam's crack fighters have stored down out of sight in their holds is not generally known, nor the cost of these death dealing missiles. Each 13-inch shell, when loaded with 220 pounds of powder, comes near to \$500, the 12-inch, with 126 pounds of powder, to over \$300. The capped armor piercing shells are considerably more costly than the common pointed ones. One of our big battleships carries 96 12-inch armor piercing, 144 12-inch common shells, 700 8-inch common shells, 300 8-inch armor piercing, 1,680 6-inch common shells, 720 6-inch armor piercing shells, 3,000 3-inch common shells, 7,200 3-pounder cartridges, 2,400 1-pounder cartridges and 200 3-pounder field gun cartridges, and this supply of about 17,000 shells and cartridges costs nearly \$700,000.

CANADIAN TO CONDUCT AN EXPEDITION TO ARCTIC REGIONS.

Capt. Joseph Elzear Bernier, Experienced Navigator of Northern Waters Preparing for Perilous Voyage.

What fascination the elusive north pole has for certain individuals of adventurous and scientific turn of mind. Never before has the world seen so many expeditions under way and being planned as there are to-day. Past failure, attended as it has been by death in so many cases, has seemed only to whet the desire of others to try for the coveted spot. In spite of Andre's ill-fated attempt to reach the pole by balloon, Wellman is making his last preparations for flight toward the unexplored regions to the north. Peary is lost somewhere in the frozen depths of the arctic circle, and his friends are anxiously awaiting some word which will assure them that the intrepid explorer is still alive.

But notwithstanding the tragic history of arctic explorations past and present, there are still others ready to try. The latest expedition organized



THE EXPLORATION STEAMER ARCTIC

is that under Capt. Joseph Elzear Bernier, a Canadian, who will take the Canadian government steamer Arctic around the Horn and fit her for a voyage to the north pole via Behring straits.

The captain was born in Quebec in 1852, was educated at the Christian Brothers college in that city and has led a stirring, adventurous life on the ocean ever since, having commanded over 60 ships and steamers in all parts of the world. He is an authority on the navigation of the coasts of Greenland, Labrador, Hudson Bay and the bleak and barren coasts of Newfoundland. He has never lost a vessel in his long career on the ocean, although he became a shipmaster when only 17 years of age.

Capt. Bernier comes from the famous La Salle family the early explorers who penetrated into the heart of this northern continent and to day is vice president of the Arctic club of New York city which heartily endorses his proposed plans of reaching the frigid goal.

Of his plans, Capt. Bernier says: "I have been a careful student of the western ice movement as reported by competent observers especially among the whalers, and now that the Melville-Bryant buoys have drifted out, as I predicted they would two years ago, we must be convinced that there must be a certain passage between Capt. Keegan Island, off Point Barrow and an unknown island in 75 degrees north latitude and 173 degrees west longitude, as reported in 1864."

The Jeannette's crew saw birds going in that direction in the spring of 1880 and clouds over it bearing northeast about 70 miles distant. It is my intention to put the ship in the ice from 164 to 169 degrees west longitude, and as far north as possible working in with the lead, going on a north-



THE ROUTE WHICH CAPT. BERNIER EXPECTS TO FOLLOW

west course, and the ship will get into deep water, and in this way be sure to drift in closer proximity to the pole than as yet has been done, reaching between 84 and 85 degrees on the older side of the passage. We will then leave the ship, taking to our automobile boats in the summer season and make for the trip to the pole. Having a specially devised system of wireless telegraphy with box-kite stations, we shall be enabled to keep our advance known between the parties on the ice and the ship at all times. Our drifting may cover a period of from three to four years, but we shall be provisioned and outfitted for six years, so that there will be no anxiety in regard to food."

While drifting toward the pole surveying parties will be sent out on both sides of the ship, extending their operations at least 50 miles on either side, and being in wireless communication with the ship at stated intervals during the day.

The Arctic has been fitted with a large and powerful air compressor driven by a windmill, so as to economize coal, the power thus accumulated and stored being used for the dynamos for lighting as well as heating purposes.

BIRDS PERFORMING GOOD SERVICE FOR COTTON GROWERS.

Investigations by the Agricultural Department Prove That Feathered Songsters Are Helping to Destroy Pest.

Investigation has proved again that in the birds the farmer has an unfailing friend. Scientists employed by the government agricultural department have discovered that 28 species of birds feed on the cotton boll weevil, that great pest of the south, which at one time threatened to destroy the cotton growing industry of Texas and some other states. And of these 28 species, the oriole, in summer, the blackbirds and meadow larks, in winter, and the night hawks are shown to hold the highest records for efficiency as weevil destroyers.

The problem of controlling the ravages of this cotton pest in the cotton growing states has been one of such serious moment and great importance that the United States department of agriculture undertook the careful study of the matter.

Accurate information as to the value of our native birds as destroyers of this pest, which is of such great importance to the cotton grower, could be obtained only by means of careful (1 Nighthawk 2 Oriole 3 Blackbird) and continued observation in the field, supplemented by study of the stomach contents of the birds. Field observations alone, unverified by stomach examinations have proved unreliable. Birds may be observed picking insects from cotton plants, but it does not follow that the insects are boll weevils, nor is the statement that boll weevils have been found in birds' stomachs, if made by persons unaccustomed to the identification of insects, to be accepted as conclusive. Insect remains in a bird's stomach are nearly always in a more or less disintegrated condition, so that identification of the species is difficult and requires the services of a specialist.

As a result of the investigation of the relations of birds to boll weevils,



BIRDS THAT DESTROY BOLL WEEVIL

(1 Nighthawk 2 Oriole 3 Blackbird) 28 species have been ascertained to feed on the weevils, as follows:

Kite
Quail
Nighthawk
Spoon-billed flycatcher
Phoebe
Orchard oriole
Baltimore oriole
Brewer's blackbird
Giant-tailed grackle
Savanna Sparrow
Lark sparrow
White-throated sparrow
Cardinal
Cuckoo
Cowbird
Red winged blackbird
Mallow lark
Western meadow lark
Purpuloxia
Painted bunting
Dickcissel
Willet unpaired
Shrike
American pipit
Mockingbird
Baird's sparrow
Carolina wren
Black crested tit mouse

Thirteen of the above species fed on the weevil during the summer months, and 17 during the winter months, two species feeding upon the insect both in summer and winter. About 18 per cent of the stomachs of these birds contained boll weevil remains, and the total number of weevils eaten by them amounted to 40 per cent of the number of birds examined.

The orioles prove to be the greatest destroyers of weevils in summer, and their near relatives, the blackbirds and meadow larks in winter. Orioles, because of their bright plumage, have until recently been extensively used to millinery purposes, and thus their numbers have been much reduced. Thousands were slaughtered, not alone in the United States, but in Central America, where they pass the winter. In view of their great value as weevil destroyers every effort should be made to prevent their destruction for any purpose whatever. The same suggestion applies with almost equal force to the nighthawk, which is strictly insectivorous and is shown to be an enemy of the boll weevil. During the migrations the nighthawk occurs in certain sections of the south in great numbers and is frequently shot wantonly or for food.

The bird should everywhere and at all times be protected.

In the case of an insect so destructive as the boll weevil, which has thus far defied all attempts at restraint and is steadily extending its ravages into new territory, every natural check to its increase should be encouraged. Though the extent of the services rendered by the avian enemies of the insect may sometimes seem small or even insignificant, in reality their cumulative effect is very important.

With a total of 285 strokes for the 72 holes, Alec Smith, of Nassau, N. J., won the open golf championship of the United States on the links of the Onwentsia club at Lake Forest, Ill. No finer golf was ever seen in the country. The remarkable feature of Smith's performance was his final round of 75, made in a heavy rainstorm

and followed by a strong and skillful breeze. An average man could not do any better if he could throw the ball as far as it can be hit with a golf club. To those who braved the storm and followed the player around it did not appear possible for any living player to do better. Smith now holds the western and national open championships, as he took the hours in the west over the Homewood links the week previous. Willie Smith, American champion with two rounds of 74 each, took second honors with a total of 302 strokes, and James Madsen, of Toledo, and Lawrence Auchterlonie, of Glenview, tied for third honors with 305 each. Willie Anderson, present title holder at four times winner of the national open championship, finished fifth. The wet greens were too much for Anderson, and he took 84 strokes, bringing his total to 307. Alexander Ross, of Oakley, finished sixth, with 310. Stewart Gardner, of Garden City, seventh, with 311. H. Chandler Egan, national amateur champion, and Gilbert Nichols, of Denver, tied for eighth and ninth places with 311 each; Jack Hobens, of Englewood, N. J., finished tenth with 314. Egan took 80 for his afternoon round, but this was low enough to place him within the substantial honors of the tournament.

Alec Smith, Willie Anderson, Willie Smith, and Lawrence Auchterlonie are rated as the leading professional golfers of the western hemisphere as a result of the championship tournament. As Willie Smith is connected with a Mexican club and is open champion of that country, Stewart Gardner completes the quartette of leading golf professionals in the United States. Plans are being made for contests similar to

WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow: Showers.

THE EVENING NEWS.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 29, 1906

TEMPERATURE TODAY:
At 3 p.m., 88 degrees.

NUMBER 136

**SELECTION OF SENATORS
BY VOTE OF THE PEOPLE**

The action of a large number of states during the past year in selecting their candidates for the United States senate by a popular vote of the members of the party expressed in a primary election indicates the steady growing sentiment that members of the upper branch of the federal legislature should be elected by the people direct instead of being chosen by the state general assemblies as now provided by the constitution. Election of senators by the people has been agitated from time to time for a great many years. It was urged by some members of the body that framed the constitution, but the majority of the founders of the government believed that plan unwise and refused to concur in the suggestions of popular elections like those provided in the case of representatives.

Inasmuch as popular elections cannot be brought about save by a change in the constitution, some of the states have adopted the subterfuge of nominating by primaries, thereby imposing upon the legislature the moral, though not legal responsibility of acting in accordance with the primary vote. If this plan continues to grow as it has recently within the next half dozen years the majority of senators will owe their seats not to the action of the legislature on its own initiative, but to the majority given them at the party primary or the regular state election.

United States senators were nominated by primary in eleven Southern states this summer. These states were Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia. Although the legislatures of these states will formally elect the nominees if these primaries to the people's vote is prescribed by the constitution, every one of the men so elected will owe his seat not to the body which nominally elects them but to the people who instructed

the legislature at the polls how they should carry out the will of the majority. Of course, the legislature would not be legally bound by this primary, but no general assembly would fail to recognize the expressed will of the party to which its members belonged. Political suicide of this sort is not often committed.

Although the sentiment for popular elections of senators appears to be more deeply grounded in the Southern states than in other parts of the country, this new idea has gathered weight

in the North and West, in states that have generally been considered fighting territory for both parties. Illinois, but recently held its primary for the selection of a senator, and the vote was so one-sided in favor of Senator Collier that the most ardent manipulator would not dare to disregard the verdict of the people when the time comes for the action of the state legislature. In Iowa the convention of both parties have declared in favor of this method in electing their United States senators. A similar step has been taken in Wisconsin. In New England, where conservatism has always held sway, the people of Vermont and New Hampshire have forgotten the teachings of former Senator William E. Chandler and the late Sen. S. H. Smith of Massachusetts, and are agitating this proposed reform. When such a step is taken to root in New England the friends of popular election of senators may have hope of ultimate success.

The discussion of this subject in recent years began in the Fifty-first Congress and continued intermittently down to the close of the Fifty-seventh, the latter being the congress in which the question was debated at great length. Favorable reports on the proposed change in the constitution were made in the Senate in the First, Second, Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth Congress. Unfavorable reports were also made in the same congresses while, in the Fifty-sixth congress, Mr. Chandler made an oral report against the proposed amendment. In the house, favorable reports were made in the Fifty-third, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth congresses. Kansas City Journal.

**ANXIOUSLY AWAITING
THE SENATE COMMITTEE**

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 29.—The towns on the segregated coal lands are awaiting with profound interest the advent of the senatorial committee to investigate the conditions of the lands and to make some recommendations as to the disposal of their surface. When the senate committee arrives it will be treated with absolute nonpartisan courtesy, for the citizens, regardless of party are united on what is best for the Choctaw nation in the matter of the settlement of their largest issue.

"What we want," said a United States official, "is the disposition of the surfaces of these lands so that it will benefit the Indians and the white man also. There are thousands of acres of coal land that are not either mined nor farmed. Their Indian owners, though rich technically have nothing actually. On the same terms they had just as well own the whole continent of Africa."

If the senate committee makes a report in harmony with the facts in the case and with the wishes of the Indians and the whites alike, it is believed the eyes of the administration in Washington will be opened. There is no desire here to swindle the Indian, but there is a strong wish that the matter of the segregated lands for cotton and corn are lying idle. All of this land comes with a few miles of the limits of the towns along the Midland Valley railroad.

Some of the Arkansas river towns in the Choctaw nation are awaiting the action of the committee. If the lands are properly disposed of, both Stigler and Forum will boom, for thousands of acres of the very finest of the segregated lands for cotton and corn are lying idle. All of this land comes with a few miles of the limits of the towns along the Midland Valley railroad.

**MR. BRYAN'S RECEPTION
ARRANGED IN DETAIL**

New York, Aug. 28.—The program of the Bryan reception was made public last night. It is as follows:

The official reception is to begin with the arrival of Mr. Bryan at Pier A North River, at 4 p.m. Thursday. He will be met there by a sub-committee headed by the chairman of the reception Gov. Wolf of Missouri. He will be welcomed by Acting Mayor McGowan in behalf of the city of New York. Six carriages will accompany the carriage carrying Bryan which will be preceded by an escort of mounted police.

Carriage Number 1—William J. Bryan, Governor Folk, Mayor McGowan, William Hodge.

Carriage Number 2—Tom J. Johnson, Alex Troup, Norman F. Mack, Nathan Straus.

Carriage Number 3—Agustus Thom as, Commissioner O'Brien, Robert Davis, Harry Walker.

Carriage Number 4—Mayor Dahlman of Omaha, General Victor Baughman, Daniel J. Campbell, Sudge Fox.

Carriage Number 5—Mayor F. F. Ald of Boston, Comptroller Metz, W. Cox, John W. Tomlinson.

Carriage Number 6—William Sulzer, Henry George, Jr., Bird S. Coler, Thomas L. Fettner.

Carriage Number 7—John F. Ahern, O. H. P. Belmont, Louis Nixon.

**M'GUIRE AND FERGUSON
GET THE NOMINATIONS**

Guthrie, Ok., Aug. 29.—B. S. McGuire was nominated for congress here yesterday by the Republicans of the First district, his only opponent being L. N. Houston, of Enid, who received only the votes of Garfield county. Bob Lowry, of Payne county, was chairman of the convention. The Osage Indians were given prominent places on the stage and Eves Tall, chief, was made sergeant-at-arms. Rev. H. L. Cloud, a fullblood Cherokee, gave the invocation. The resolutions endorsed Roosevelt, McGuire, and Frantz, for first governor; the sale of school lands with preference right to lessees, state control of public service corporations and insurance, state aid for good roads, removal of restrictions on Indian lands, protection for bank deposits, employers' liability law against employment of children in mines and factories and for use of all Oklahoma irrigation funds within the state.

The usual stereotyped endorsements were voted to President Roosevelt, Governor Frantz and Bird McGuire. Ferguson's nomination was a Flynn victory over McGuire, and revives the corpse of the Flynn-Ferguson machine and really sounds the death knell of the McGuire-Filson machine, notwithstanding the fact that McGuire is the congressional nominee of the First district. Ferguson received a majority over all opponents and is now complete master of the situation.

Don't throw your old clothes away, have them made to look like new by Berry, at K. C. tailor shop. 136 tf.

Oklahoma City, Ok., Aug. 29.—Thirty ballots were taken at the Geary

Ramsey's Drug Store

For School Supplies, Drugs, Patent Medicines, Syrups, Water Bottles, Ice Caps, Rubber Gloves, Pocket Books, Purves, Paints and Oils, Gloss, Putty, Agents for Eureka Springs Water, Eastman's Kodak and Kodak Supplies, Phonographs and Gold Moulded Records.

G. M. Ramsey, Druggist

(Successor to Clark Drugg Co.)

Money to Loan

On Inter-married Surplus, Citizens with Restrictions Removed, and Upon City Property. Lowest Rates. Complete and Absolutely Correct Abstracts of Title to All Lands and Town Lots in This District.

GRAHAM-PYEATT ABSTRACT CO.

DORTCH YOUNG, Mgr. (Over Ct. Nat'l Bank with Crawford & Bolen) I

PAUL W. ALLEN,**Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.**

Horses Boarded by Day or Week. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave.,

Phone 64.

MASON DRUG COMPANY

Has Resumed Business at the Same Old Stand

Clean, Pure, Up-to-Date Stock. Utmost Care Given to Prescriptions. The Public's Patronage is Cordially Solicited.

LOANS

On Dead Claims, Intermarried Surplus and where Restrictions Are Removed. Improved City Property or to build.

Correct Neat Abstracts of Title at Reasonable Prices

ADA TITLE and TRUST CO.

W. H. EBEL, Pres. and Manager, — ADA, IND TER

A Full Line of

**May Manton Bazar
PATTERNS**

10c each. Catalogues 10c. Fashion Sheet Free.

These patterns are the best that can be purchased anywhere at any price

Reed & Harrison**Patronize Home Industry**

By Buying Ice, From

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249.

Office at Ice Plants

OVERDRAFTS

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the comptroller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

Ada National Bank

Capital and Surplus, \$63,500.

Ada, Ind. Ter.



WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SHIPMENT of BOYS and CHILDREN'S CELEBRATED

**MRS. JANE HOPKINS
Boy Proof Clothing**

In Latest Designs and Patterns

School opens September 3rd. Bring in the boys at once. Two piece, knee pant Suits, ages 3 to 16, at from \$2.50 to \$5.00 the Suit. Each Suit of this high grade goods bears a positive guarantee.

W. M. Freeman & Co.

136-2t

Oklahoma City, Ok., Aug. 29.—Thirty ballots were taken at the Geary

OTIS B. WEAVER, PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, BUSINESS MGR.

Entered as second-class mail matter, March 28, 1903, at the post office at Ada, Indian Territory under the Act of Congress March 3, 1893.

Advertising rates on application

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Subject to the action of the Democratic county primary election.

For Sheriff
ROBERT NESTER
A. A. (GUS) BOBBITT
L. E. (LEM) MITCHELL
MART WALSH
JAMES D. GAAR
J. D. (ED) FUSSELL

For County Clerk
C. A. (CHARLIE) POWERS
W. S. (SAM) KERR
H. WOODARD

For County Treasurer
J. C. GATES

For County Tax Assessor
C. C. HARGIS
W. H. NETTLES

How have the last few days been for cold days in August?

INTEREST grows in the name contest. It isn't a mere nominal election.

SCHOOL days are drawing near. Are you getting those children ready?

Less than ten weeks till we must elect a delegate. What are you going to do about it?

THURSDAY will receive a new dignity. Hereafter, it will not only be known as Thanksgiving Day, but also as Bryan Homecoming Day.

GET behind the Ada Public schools. Lend the corps of teachers your unqualified support, they will work better when the patrons stand by them.

THOUGH the enumerator's report does not show as many people as Ada could hold, still what there are of us—every man, woman and child will vote for more water, and thereby for more people, more business, more money, more

GERRYMANDER MISSCARRIES.

Republicans can not carry a District in old Pott.

Shawnee, Okla. Aug. 29.—The gerrymander whereby the districting board sought to get just one republican district in this county, has failed. A careful poll of the district, formed of the Fourth and Fifth wards of Shawnee, all of Tecumseh and Earboro, part of the surrounding county, and possibly a few slices of Arkansas and Texas, was supposed to be republican because of the large "cullied" vote. The negro voters, however, as they are to be denied representation, will not vote with the bosses. They propose to nominate their own candidate from their own race and also to vote for him solid. The move is meeting with the encouragement of many republicans who are tired of the gerrymander work.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE.

Territorial Organization Closes Session at Southtown.

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 29. The Republican Territorial committee has just finished a session in this city which was largely attended. The committee selected Oct. 9 as the date of holding district conventions to nominate candidates for the constitutional convention.

A resolution in favor of the amalgamation of the committee with that of Oklahoma was passed and Chairman Grant Victor was nominated as a committee of one to confer with the Oklahoma committee and to select some method of amalgamation.

The committee decided upon a short campaign. A resolution was adopted providing that the members of the committee having jurisdiction over the Territory should appoint a committee of three Republicans in each district to take the registration. To elect delegates to the constitutional convention, the said conventions to be held on Oct. 9, and that precinct meetings to elect delegates to these primary conventions should be held on Oct. 4.

In addition to the powers conferred upon him in regard to the amalgamation of the two committees, Chairman Grant Victor was also empowered to name a finance committee of seven, a speakers' bureau of seven, a platform committee of seven and a press bureau. Col. William Bushy was appointed chairman of the finance committee.

500 Carloads of Watermelons.

Clement, I. T., Aug. 29.—Moving the watermelon crop began two weeks ago and 120 cars have been shipped to Kansas City, Wichita, St. Louis and Denver. It is estimated that before the season closes more than 500 cars will be sent out.

THE EVILS OF CONSTIPATION.

Everyone Knows When He is Constipated and Everyone Should Know the Risk He is Running When He Fails to Promptly Correct it.

Any Disease Epidemic or Otherwise to Which He or She May be Exposed is Sure to Result Seriously.

There are two ways to remove constipation; the wrong way is to drench the bowels with a powerful, griping, drastic cathartic that injures the coating of the bowel channels and produces an early return of the trouble in a more chronic form. The right way is to use a natural, easy and mild laxative that tones up and strengthens the bowels and leaves a healthful influence behind it. Prickly Ash Bitters will empty the bowels just as thoroughly as the harsher cathartics, and combines all the tonic and strengthening properties necessary to permanently cure the habit.

Accept no substitute. Insist on having the genuine Prickly Ash Bitters with the large figure 8 in red on the front label.

Sold Everywhere, Price \$1.00.
AT CENTER.

The Democratic Club There Holds Meeting.

The Democratic club of Center met in regular session last night. The most important matter that came up before the meeting was the election of a precinct committeeman.

Mr. Parker, a prominent farmer and a loyal Democrat was chosen.

Mart Walsh, W. S. Kerr, Tom D. McKeown and Dick Couch, of Ada, were visitors. Mr. McKeown delivered a strong address on the "Fallacies of Socialism," which was well received by the Center Democrats. Sam Kerr made a brief address. He asserted it would not be well to send all the defeated candidates of this community up Salt Creek, were the community be depopulated.

TO A CROWDED HOUSE.

Mother Jones the Great Socialist Speaks.

Mother Jones addressed a crowded house Monday night. She announced on the street in the afternoon that she would speak on the Colorado scandal in the evening, and many of the farmers stayed in the city to hear her. She handled the question ably. She knows her subject thoroughly and understands socialism. She is one of the most forcible women speakers we have ever heard. It is estimated that she had 300 hearers at the courthouse meeting

Big Prospects.

Monday of this week Henry Clews, the well known New York banker, posted this bulletin in his office.

AMERICA'S GREATNESS
"Corn crop this year, 2,700,000,000 bushels. Wheat crop, 722,000,000 bushels. Cotton crop, 11,000,000 bales. United States Steel Corporation's net profit for the last quarter, \$40,000,000. A man died today in Acacia, Ill., who weighed 460 pounds, and was 73 inches around the waist. This should not be surprising, for he was born in the corn belt country. A dark lady in Texas recently gave birth to six blackies. What a country! What a people!"

Galveston's Sea Wall

makes life now as safe in that city as on the higher uplands. E. W. Goodloe, who resides on Dutton St., in Waco, Texas, needs no sea wall for safety.

He writes: "I have used Dr. King's new discovery for consumption the past 5 years and it keeps me well and safe. Before that time I had a cough which for years had been growing worse. Now it's gone." Cures chronic coughs, la grippe, croup, whooping cough and prevents pneumonia. Please to take. Every bottle guaranteed at G. M. Ramsey's and F. Z. Holley's drug stores. Price 50c and \$1. True bottle.

A Mystery Solved

"How to keep off periodic attacks of biliousness and habitual constipation was a mystery that Dr. King's new life pills solved for me," writes John N. Pleasant of Magnolia, Ind. The only pills that are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction to everybody or money refunded. Only 25c at G. M. Ramsey's and F. Z. Holley's drug stores.

A Vote Winner.

The News respectfully solicits the printing of your cards announcing to your friends and those you may meet, your candidacy. The card method of soliciting support has been demonstrated to be good; it helps to become acquainted and will win you votes.

In Self Defense

Major Hamm, editor and manager of the Constitutional, Eminence, Ky., when he was attacked 4 years ago by a pile, bought a box of Buckle's arnica salve, of which he says: "It cured me in ten days and no trouble since." Quickest healer of burns, sores, cuts and wounds. 25c at G. M. Ramsey's and F. Z. Holley's drug stores.

Diplomatic Subject.

Italy's King recently paid a visit to Venetia. On the occasion of a previous visit an Italian newspaper announced that "the eruption had the honor of being witnessed by his majesty." It was a German paper that once stated that a certain royal prince was graciously pleased to be born yesterday." Equally courteous was an army officer in attendance on the king of Spain not long ago. The king asked him what was the time. The courtier fumbled for his watch, but could not find it, then respectfully replied: "Whatever time your majesty pleased."

I Am From Missouri, Show Me.

Doniphan, Mo., July 16, 1904.

"You called on me 7 years ago with Dr. Mendenhall's Chill Cure and told me it was better than any other. I asked you to show me. It has been shown and proven that more people stay with your Chill Tonic than any other."—C. H. Martin, druggist. Sold by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

Look out for malaria. It is seasonable now. A few doses of Prickly Ash Bitters is a sure preventative.

CENSUS COMPLETED.

Not So Many People Here as Ought to Be.

The official enumeration of Ada's population, preliminary to issuing a call for an election on the issuance of waterworks bonds, has been completed. W. B. Adair, who took the census, returns the following figures:

Ward No. 1	778
Ward No. 2	402
Ward No. 3	968
Ward No. 4	898
Total	3,038
School Children	976

There are several reasons why our population shows up so short at this time. One is that so many of our people are away at various watering places for the summer. Another reason is, a great many got frightened upon the enumerator's approach and left home, thinking he was the tax assessor.

About a third of us are school children. This indicates that the Roosevelt propaganda has taken root in these parts.

PASTURE LAND OPENING.

Auction Plan Most in Favor Among Officials.

Lawton, Ok., Aug. 29.—A recent Washington dispatch, containing the information that Francis E. Leupp, commissioner of Indian affairs, recommends that the sale of the Indian pasture lands of Southwest Oklahoma be conducted by the sealed bid plan, is not taken seriously by the land officials here, and their loathness to believe that this plan will be adopted is founded upon the fact that the secretary of the interior could not possibly dispose of the lands within the limited time given him. The lands—more than 3000 quarter sections in all could not be disposed of in a year.

Officials of the general land office have prepared the rules and regulations governing the sale and have recommended that the public auction plan be adopted. Secretary Hitchcock is said to be in favor of public auction. The plans are to be presented to the secretary in a day or two, when the question will be decided.

"References count for something, but not everything. A doubtful party always comes well armed with references, but when a woman and a man look at each other doubtfully and wonder whether they had best give the name of their uncle, or his employer, or their last landlord, I take heart and know they are not up to Chicago tricks."

"The bane of the apartment house superintendent is the Sunday rush. Until April we work early and late showing apartments on Sunday. On a pleasant Sunday we show perhaps 200 callers over apartments and rent possibly two. On a rainy Monday we have three callers and rent two apartments.

"I do not believe any man would move if he had his own way. He would rather pay more rent, put in a gas stove if the steam heat is not all that it ought to be, sleep on a mattress stretched on the boards laid over the bathtub. If the flat is too small—anything rather than move. Moving has driven more than one well intentioned man to drink."

Lawn Social.

The Ladies' circle, Angelo grove No. 42, will give an ice cream supper Friday night on the lawn of Mrs. Jeff Reed. Everybody invited. Susie A. Burch, clerk.

136-21

GETTING CREW FOR WHALER.

Each Man Has to Be Bound Up

Times Without Number to Get

Him Aboard

In Harper's Magazine Clifford W. Ashley, the artist who recently made a trip in an old-fashioned whaler for the magazine, tells entertainingly of the difficulties of finally getting the crew together and aboard ship.

"Sunday morning, long before the church bells rung," says Mr. Ashley, "we were gathered in the darkened room of the store. I had stopped at the post office for my mail, and as I stepped out again into the bright sunshine of that August morning, a company of sailors lumbered hastily by and dodged around the corner. As they were vanishing, one of the 'owners' appeared in the street, gazing up and down in a mystified manner, vainly seeking a glimpse of the runaways. When he saw me he hailed cheerfully. From the alley whence he had emerged, a series of decisive steps followed him, then a wagon-load of seamen appeared, being trundled off to the river. Swaying and pitching as the cart jolted over the cobbles, they boisterously spoke each passerby, making the street hideous with their yell. Before I entered the store I saw them, one by one, dropping off over the tall-board, utterly oblivious of the protests of the unfortunate dry goods clerk who was held responsible for their delivery."

"The front shop was crowded and noisy, but the real hubbub was in a small back room. Here the sailors howling and pounding, were locked up when caught, and held till the return of the wagon to take them off to the river. Word was received that the mate refused to go on board till he had partaken of his Sunday dinner. On various pretenses others sought to get off for a while longer—one had forgotten to bid his mother good-bye, another had left home without an overcoat. The clerks rushed frantically about. Each man had to be round up—not once, but half a dozen times."

A Vote Winner.

The News respectfully solicits the printing of your cards announcing to your friends and those you may meet, your candidacy. The card method of soliciting support has been demonstrated to be good; it helps to become acquainted and will win you votes.

In Self Defense

Major Hamm, editor and manager of the Constitutional, Eminence, Ky., when he was attacked 4 years ago by a pile, bought a box of Buckle's arnica salve, of which he says: "It cured me in ten days and no trouble since."

Quickest healer of burns, sores, cuts and wounds. 25c at G. M. Ramsey's and F. Z. Holley's drug stores.

Diplomatic Subject.

Italy's King recently paid a visit to Venetia.

On the occasion of a previous visit an Italian newspaper announced that "the eruption had the honor of being witnessed by his majesty." It was a German paper that once stated that a certain royal prince was graciously pleased to be born yesterday."

Equally courteous was an army officer in attendance on the king of Spain not long ago. The king asked him what was the time. The courtier fumbled for his watch, but could not find it, then respectfully replied: "Whatever time your majesty pleased."

I Am From Missouri, Show Me.

Doniphan, Mo., July 16, 1904.

"You called on me 7 years ago with Dr. Mendenhall's Chill Cure and told me it was better than any other. I asked you to show me. It has been shown and proven that more people stay with your Chill Tonic than any other."—C. H. Martin, druggist. Sold by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

Look out for malaria. It is seasonable now. A few doses of Prickly Ash Bitters is a sure preventative.

THE O. B. WEAVER FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY

REGULARITIES OF SEX APPEAR IN FEAT-HUNTING.

Men Hate to Move When Once Settled—Women Expose Their Fathes in Making Selection.

"Here's where you have a chance to study human nature," says the superintendent of a Chicago apartment house, according to the Inter Ocean. "Why, I can tell as soon as I have gone over an apartment with a couple whether they live happily together.

"If they talk over the attractive corner and she tells where his reading lamp will go, and he says that is a nice corner for her tea table, they are pretty sure to be home folks.

"If he digs holes in the floor with his cane while she makes a quick survey of the rooms and orders repairs in a lifeless fashion, they are merely setting a shell of a home in which to hang the skeleton of their one-time domestic happiness."

"You're in to raid women, too, in this business," he continues. "The woman who talks about the loyal flat—he has and how he hates to leave it at Henry is bound to come up town, who criticizes everything in the apartment and fairly sniffs the air for trouble, will make a niggard, fault finding tenant, and if I had my way I'd raise her rent."

"The woman who wears a stylish dress in the newest coloring and fabric, but whose shoes are run down at the heel, whose finger tops need manicuring and whose underskirts hang in tatters of embroidery below her skirts is sure to be a sloopy housekeeper and ruin the fittings in the flat.

"References count for something, but not everything. A doubtful party always comes well armed with references, but when a woman and a man look at each other doubtfully and wonder whether they had best give the name of their uncle, or his employer, or their last landlord, I take heart and know they are not up to Chicago tricks."

"The woman who wears a stylish dress in the newest coloring and fabric, but whose shoes are run down at the heel, whose finger tops need manicuring and whose underskirts hang in tatters of embroidery below her skirts is sure to be a sloopy housekeeper and ruin the fittings in the flat.

"References count for something, but not everything. A doubtful party always comes well armed with references, but when a woman and a man look at each other doubtfully and wonder whether they had best give the name of their uncle, or his employer, or their last landlord, I take heart and know they are not up to Chicago tricks."

"The woman who wears a stylish dress in the newest coloring and fabric, but whose shoes are run down at the heel, whose finger tops need manicuring and whose underskirts hang in tatters of embroidery below her skirts is sure to be a sloopy housekeeper and ruin the fittings in the flat.

"References count for something, but not everything. A doubtful party always comes well armed with references, but when a woman and a man look at each other doubtfully and wonder whether they had best give the name of their uncle, or his employer, or their last landlord, I take heart and know they are not up to Chicago tricks."

LOCAL NEWS

K. C. —Keep clean. 136 tf
Mrs. W. H. Ebey is ill today.
J. M. Walsh is in Tupelo today.
Phone 70 for anything in Heinz goods.
136-2t
Hear Bro. T. B. Harrell at the Baptist church tonight.
My motto, "First-class work or no pay." K. C. 136 tf
Jas. M. Walsh sells for cash only.
136-2t
Smoke Cinco. Sold at Smoke House. 135 10t
We are all glad to see A. K. Thornton on the streets again.
Smoke Cinco. Sold at Smoke House. 135 10t
Mrs. Oran Nelson, of Francis, was in the city today en route to her home from Oklahoma City.
If you want the White Swan canned goods, phone us. M. L. Walsh. 95-1f
Hamilton Brown school shoes are record breakers for good service. 136 2
J. B. Tolbert is giving his residence on Broadway a recoating of paint.
Remember that this is the last week that a large picture goes with the dozen best photos at P. K. Smith's. 135 4t
Heinz pure cider vinegar 10c Qt. Phone 70. 133-2t
See those large and beautiful portraits at Smith's. One given with every dozen of the best photos. 126-1f
You get a guarantee with the boys' clothing we sell you. W. M. Freeman & Co. 136 2t
Frank Jones and sons, Frank Jr., Boone and Harry returned today from a few weeks visit in Palestine.
I have two nice rocking chairs and two heaters for sale. John McKinley. 135-2t
Chas. Long, one of Midland's leading merchants was in the city today purchasing merchandise.
A 10x16 portrait given with every dozen of the best photographs. —P. K. Smith. 126-1f
Mrs. F. M. Etter left today for her home in Sillsbee, Texas, after a two weeks' visit with her brother, S. M. Shaw.
FOR RENT.—Good office rooms on Main street. Little Bros. 104-1f
M. L. Walsh will furnish you with the White Swan brand. Phone 17. 95-1f
FOR RENT—Two room house; close in. R. O. Wheeler, News office. 135 2
Mr. and Mrs. Oscar E. Cannon and Clifford and Glen Hardin returned Tuesday after a two weeks visit in Hillsboro, Texas.
When you buy the boys' school suits at our store they will give satisfaction. W. M. Freeman & Co. 136 2t
FOR SALE—Eighty acres of land 2 1/2 miles southeast of Oklahoma City. A bargain if taken at once. Will accept some Ada property. W. W. Rader. 133-3t
If style, quality and workmanship are the points you consider in buying Boys clothing Jane Hopkins Security Bond suits will please you. 136-2t
W. M. Freeman Co.
The bridge just across the Katy tracks on Main street is completed and facilitates no little traffic and travel in that end of town.
LOST—Ladies small, gold-filled, chainless watch, open face, L. B. D engraved on back. Finder please return same to Harris hotel and get reward. 135-3t
A school boy and girl needs a serviceable shoe. We have a shoe especially made for hard service. W. M. Freeman & Co. 136 2t
W. W. Higgins and family left today for Houston, Texas, where Mr. Higgins will teach in the city school. Mr. Higgins has been an active citizen of Ada, for five years and the many friends of the family are grieved to see them leave Ada. The News will follow and keep them informed about the best town in Oklahoma.
Jane Hopkins Boy Proof clothing contains the best material, style and workmanship that can be put into a suit for \$5.00. W. M. Freeman Co. 136-2t

News' Name Election.

Official Ticket

Should the Name of Ada be Changed?
Assuming a Change, What Name do You Prefer?
[Signature]
[Street Address]

Walsh handles the White Swan canned goods. Phone 17. 95-1f

Try the cash system and see what you save. Phone 70. 133-2t

We guarantee our Cupid flour. No. 17. Walsh. 95-1f

I will trade a good sewing machine for a shot, also an organ for alpny. 120-241 w13-4t Lee Smith.

Money saved by buying of Jas. M. Walsh, spot cash to all. Phone 70. 129tf

The little daughter of George Hokit, who lives 6 miles west of town, died Monday night at 8 o'clock. The funeral occurred at the Union Hill schoolhouse Tuesday afternoon.

Remember that this is the last week that a large picture goes with the dozen best photos at P. K. Smith's. 135 4t

Heinz pure cider vinegar 10c Qt. Phone 70. 133-2t

See those large and beautiful portraits at Smith's. One given with every dozen of the best photos. 126-1f

You get a guarantee with the boys' clothing we sell you. W. M. Freeman & Co. 136 2t

Frank Jones and sons, Frank Jr., Boone and Harry returned today from a few weeks visit in Palestine.

I have two nice rocking chairs and two heaters for sale. John McKinley. 135-2t

Chas. Long, one of Midland's leading merchants was in the city today purchasing merchandise.

A 10x16 portrait given with every dozen of the best photographs. —P. K. Smith. 126-1f

Mrs. F. M. Etter left today for her home in Sillsbee, Texas, after a two weeks' visit with her brother, S. M. Shaw.

FOR RENT.—Good office rooms on Main street. Little Bros. 104-1f

M. L. Walsh will furnish you with the White Swan brand. Phone 17. 95-1f

FOR RENT—Two room house; close in. R. O. Wheeler, News office. 135 2

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar E. Cannon and Clifford and Glen Hardin returned Tuesday after a two weeks visit in Hillsboro, Texas.

When you buy the boys' school suits at our store they will give satisfaction. W. M. Freeman & Co. 136 2t

FOR SALE—Eighty acres of land 2 1/2 miles southeast of Oklahoma City. A bargain if taken at once. Will accept some Ada property. W. W. Rader. 133-3t

If style, quality and workmanship are the points you consider in buying Boys clothing Jane Hopkins Security Bond suits will please you. 136-2t

W. M. Freeman Co.

The bridge just across the Katy tracks on Main street is completed and facilitates no little traffic and travel in that end of town.

LOST—Ladies small, gold-filled, chainless watch, open face, L. B. D engraved on back. Finder please return same to Harris hotel and get reward. 135-3t

A school boy and girl needs a serviceable shoe. We have a shoe especially made for hard service. W. M. Freeman & Co. 136 2t

W. W. Higgins and family left today for Houston, Texas, where Mr. Higgins will teach in the city school. Mr. Higgins has been an active citizen of Ada, for five years and the many friends of the family are grieved to see them leave Ada. The News will follow and keep them informed about the best town in Oklahoma.

Jane Hopkins Boy Proof clothing contains the best material, style and workmanship that can be put into a suit for \$5.00. W. M. Freeman Co. 136-2t

A complete line of Mrs. Jane Hopkins Boy Proof clothes just ordered. 136-2t

W. M. Freeman Co.

Uncle Tom's Attraction.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" wasn't full Tuesday night. The company held forth in a tent near the M. K. & T. depot. It had a good band, which, at the noon parade, shone resplendent in their scarlet and gold uniforms. The populace enjoyed immensely the rendition of "Dixie" on the street, but for the most part Ada folk remained away from the performance. "Dixie" and the distorted history in "Uncle Tom's Cabin" do not mix well.

A Bouquet for the Album.

The News Souvenir Album is appreciated not only at home, but also abroad. Recently an order for one of the books was received from the editor of the Andrew County Republican, Savannah, Mo. Later the following letter was received from this stranger editor, which is an eloquent testimonial to the worth of the album as advertising literature.

SAVANNAH, Mo., 8-24, 1906
The News, Ada, I. T.

Gentlemen—Your album received I think it must be a credit to your city. It certainly is a model of neatness and skill from the printer's standpoint. Fraternally, — JNO. D. KERR

A Boy is not expensive when dressed in Mrs. Jane Hopkins Boy Proof clothes—W. M. Freeman Co. 136-2t

A complete line of Mrs. Jane Hopkins Boy Proof clothes just ordered. 136-2t

W. M. Freeman Co.

DUTCHES TROUSERS

10¢ A BUTTON.

* 1.00 A RIP.



The most simple and yet the strongest warranty ever put on any make of trousers.

We Deliver the Goods

W. M. Freeman & Co.

GERMAN GIRLS' SCHOOLING

No Colleges for Them in Their Own Country, But They Have, a "Pension."

The German girl leaves school at about 15 years of age, by which time she has learned to sew, mend, and especially to speak English and French. She has not learned higher mathematics, says Modern Women, but she has learned the small things which fit a girl for a housewife or companion, and that, in Germany, is woman's only sphere.

However much we American girls may enjoy our colleges, we dare not pity the German girls, for they have something which takes their place and of which we can have no conception until we reside in Germany a few months.

Did you ever hear of a pension? It is one of the most enjoyable things which exists. Certain influential ladies, mostly widows or maiden aunts, make known that they are willing to take a limited number of young ladies into their family.

We went to Hanover, two of us girls, with a horror and dread of a boarding school, as we heard, pension described. We found ourselves in a family of eight girls, all from the very best class of Germans, and all placed under Frau von H—'s care for a year or more.

None of the girls had any special object in life; a few wanted to learn how to keep house, a few indulged in an hour's music lesson per week, but most of them came, as is the German custom, for the sake of becoming polished, and being escorted to concerts, theaters, balls, receptions, student Kneipen, etc., opportunities not afforded in smaller cities, and even not in many cities that are larger than Hanover.

Consequently our chaperon accepted invitations for her girls, parties were given and the great intimate family spent a year full of pleasure.

SWEETNING'

Is an attractive word, but here are a few prices on on "sweetening" that will attract the attention of every housewife in Ada.

East Texas Ribbon Cane per gallon 65¢

Louisiana Ribbon Cane, per gallon 70¢

P & F Cero Debatterie, per gallon 65¢

Evangeline, per gallon 65¢

Maple \$1.25

Home Made Sorghum, per gallon 50¢

Honey Drips (Corn Syrup) per gallon 40¢

Don't forget us when you get hungry.

Jones Bros.

Successors to Jones & Meaders

FURMAN & CROXTON

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice. Office in Duncan Building.

C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown GALBRAITH & McKEOWN LAWYERS

Over Citizens National Bank Ada, Ind. Ter.

DR. CORDELIA FOUTZ OSTEOPATH

Office and Residence at M. M. Sander's home on South Broadway. Phone 245.

ADA, IND. TER.

DR. W. T. NOLEN PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office over Little building, next door to Nolen drug store

Office Phone 91 Res. Phone 11

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Is given up to be best. Do

Largest Agency Work

of any plant in this Territory

Reed & Harrison Wholesale and Retail Buggies

The Best Makes, the Lowest Prices

Geo. A. Truitt, Engineer and Land Surveyor

Office Rear Ada National Bank.

Prompt and Careful Attention Given to All Work Entrusted.

I have opened the

Twelfth Street Meet Market

and ask a share of your patronage. Nothing but the best of meats will be carried and your patronage will be given the most careful attention.

C. L. HICKEY.

Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted

C. J. Warren, Optician

Phone 77.

Nickel Store.

The 5c and 10c store of Ada, I. T.

S. M. Shaw, Prop.

New location on Main street third door west of Rellow's corner.

Phone 77.

The NICKEL STORE

Where You Save Money on Everything.



We're off for some more To the Nickel Store, In a very great hurry are we;

For the best sweets in the land

Are the Red Band Brand, And we know where to get them you see.

Chocolates, Bon Bons and all of our Nice Candy Candies, per lb. 12c

Fine Crockery

Colonial Gold Decorated Cups and Saucers, 10c each or 60c a set.



7 inch plates of the same ware, gold decorated, 60c set.

10 inch platters, gold decorated, 18c each.

7 inch oval meat and vegetable dishes, 18c each.

We sell everything in Glassware, Tinware, Enamelware, etc.

Blown Table Tumblers at 5c each.

Butter sets in plain glass, including butter dish, cream pitcher and spoon holder, 39c a set.

Stoneware

Come here for your Stoneware. You will find it here for about half what you generally pay.

The usual price is 10c a gallon—buy all you want here at 6c a gallon.

We are selling Stoneware dirt cheap.

Milk Pans or Crocks, 1 gallon, usual price

JERUSALEM PRISONS

A JOVIAL KING IS HE

SMOKELESS POWDER

TO TRY FOR THE POLE

EAT BOLL WEEVIL

ROCK-HEWN CHAMBERS JUST DISCOVERED IN HOLY CITY.

One of Them May Have Been the Place Where the Christ Was Confined—Picture on Wall Shows Him in Stocks.

Considerable interest has recently been awakened in Jerusalem in some newly opened-up ancient subterranean rock-hewn chambers which evidently adjoined, if they did not form part of, Pilate's judgment hall, and the "pavement," or the Gabbatha, of the New Testament. This was contiguous to Antonia, the Roman fortress which bounded the temple area on the north. As is well known, a considerable area of this "pavement," as it was in the time of Christ, was uncovered in about 1860, when the Sisters of Zion dug for foundations for their school, and the Church of Ecce Homo, and now forms one of the chief objects of interest to visitors to the Holy City. It is in the property adjoining that of the Sisters of Zion on the west that the chambers in question may now be seen. They are at the base of the hill Bazetha, on the north side of the Via Dolorosa, in the scarped face of the rock which, with its counterscarp on the south, is thought to have formed the moat on that side of the fortress of Antonia in the time of the Romans. There are several of these rock-hewn chambers, at different levels, connected with each other by passages. The upper ones are small, while one at a lower level, semi-circular in form, is larger, and all of them present unusual features in form which make it difficult to determine the use to which they were devoted—whether as mortuary chambers or as stables and storerooms, or whether, as is now claimed by the owners who have opened them to the public for inspection, they were used as dungeons and places of torture in ancient times. Their adjoining the Roman Judgment Hall favors the idea of the prison. In several of the chambers there are holes in the sides and ceiling at regular intervals through which ropes could be fastened. In one of the smaller rooms there is a rock-hewn ledge or bench of rock, open beneath, with two large holes through the ledge, which are claimed to be stocks. There is an iron eye fixed in the rock beneath the holes, as if to there tie or chain the feet of the prisoner, while above, in the low ceiling, there are three places cut out through which ropes or chains could be passed, suggesting the fastening up of his head and outstretched hands.



ENTRANCE TO ROCK-HEWN CHAMBERS

This chamber, as it appears, is calculated to appeal strongly to the visitor, and its Greek church custodians attach to it the idea of its being "the prison of Christ," a picture in the chamber representing Him as confined in the stocks. This set of rock-hewn rooms were explored more than 30 years ago by the well-known archaeologist, Clemont Ganneau, for the Palestine expedition Fund, in whose book ("Excavations in Jerusalem") full and minute descriptions of these chambers were given. He makes no mention of the holes in the slab which are so suggestive of stocks, or of the iron staple beneath. He suggested that this set of chambers may have communicated in the north with the quarries of Solomon, from which the building stones of the temple were doubtless obtained, and that they were used as stables and storerooms. This would explain the existence of the many rock-hewn tethering places in the walls.

What Troubled Him.

A well known Atlanta minister tells an amusing story of an Atlantan who has a wife with a sharp tongue.

Jones had come home about two in the morning rather the worse for a few highballs. As soon as he opened the door his wife, who was waiting for him in the accustomed place at the top of the stairs, where she could watch his uncertain ascent, started upbraiding him for his conduct.

Jones went to bed, and when he was almost asleep could hear her still scolding him unmercifully. He dropped off to sleep and awoke after a couple of hours, only to hear his wife remark:

"I hope all the women don't have to put up with such conduct as this."

"Annie," said Jones, "are you talking again or yet?"—Atlanta Georgian.

Good Prospects.

He—So you're going to join a hunting party in the Maine woods this summer? Do you expect to bring down any game?

She—I ought to; there are going to be a whole lot of men in the crowd and just a few girls!—Detroit Free Press.

SISSOWATH, RULER OF CAMBODIA, DOING GAY PARIS.

His Mission to the French Capital Said to Be Diplomatic in Character—Is Accompanied by His Corps de Ballet.

It is not often that Paris is treated to the visit of such a unique and interesting party as the king and his royal retinue from Cambodia, who arrived in the French capital the other day, but Paris has risen to the occasion and has extended a welcome which has made King Sissowath, his five sons, his two ministers of state and his last but not least numerous corps de ballet of 20 dancers, to say nothing of a corps of royal singers and a hundred or so of household servants, feel at once that they are in the midst of appreciative admirers, if not friends.

In spite of the responsibilities and cares incumbent upon one with so



KING SISSOWATH OF CAMBODIA

large a following, his majesty, King Sissowath, has a jovial countenance, and although he comes on a publicly advertised diplomatic mission, it is whispered about the capital that the expectant Parisian public will have the opportunity to judge of the grace of his personally conducted "ballerini" before his departure.

Among the dances to be given is one which recalls the stately minuet. It was introduced in Siam by the Siamese ambassadors on their return in 1886 from Versailles, where they went to render homage on the part of their king to Louis XIV. Besides this dance, there are several other entirely native figures which are chirographic evolutions rather than dances, being well regulated pantomimes and minodramas in which all movements are made to a sort of rhythm which bears a primitive resemblance to acting.

Cambodian musical instruments are primitive, loud and quaint. In the front rank figure big xylophones, ship shaped, and large rectangular boxes on rollers, the finger boards of the former being formed of a series of bamboo keys, while the finger boards of the latter are formed of thin metal plates. Then there are the brass cymbals affixed to rattan-made circles, inside of which the musicians sit doubled up and play.



SOME OF THE FAIR MEMBERS OF KING SISSOWATH'S CORPS DE BALLET

Cambodian melody is much more seductive than it appears to be on first hearing it. The ear soon gets accustomed to the pentatonic gamut of the Asiatics. With a view of enforcing the rhythm, a series of big and small drums, having the one a high note and the other a low note in the same key, complete the orchestral arrangement. The xylophone is the favorite musical instrument of the Cambodians. As a matter of course, every band has a conductor, but he is merely a figurehead as a leader unless the sovereign commands him to play a solo on the xylophone, of which he must be proficient; and as he is, as a rule, a virtuoso on all the Cambodian instruments, his playing is always most acceptable to the listeners. He is a bit of a marinet in his way. He carries a big stick, and when any member of the band happens to go wrong during rehearsals, he does not forget to apply it vigorously across his shoulders.

He—So you're going to join a hunting party in the Maine woods this summer? Do you expect to bring down any game?

She—I ought to; there are going to be a whole lot of men in the crowd and just a few girls!—Detroit Free Press.

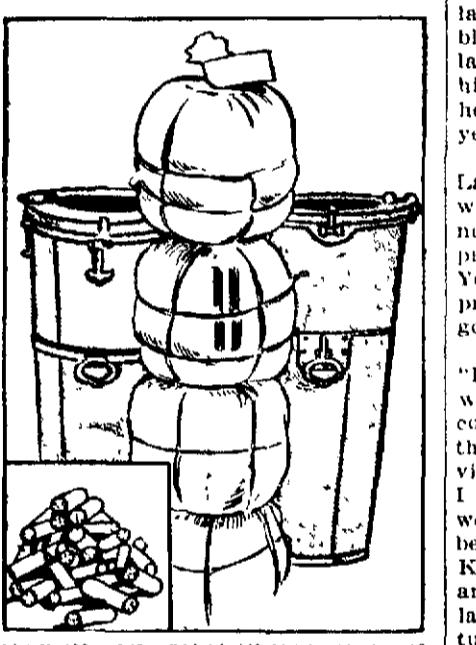
HOW IT IS PUT IN SHELLS FOR NAVAL PRACTICE.

Some Interesting Inside Information About the Work Carried On at the Great Naval Magazine at Iona Island.

The loading of shells with smokeless powder for use upon the many ships of the United States navy is an industry of large proportions, but one about which the public seldom hears and about which it knows practically nothing. And yet one of the most important of the government plants is the great naval magazine at Iona Island, located about 40 miles from New York city, on the Hudson. The strictest of rules prevails as to visitation, and about all that the outsider ever sees is a distant glimpse of the buildings from the deck of the steamer as he sails by.

There are 125 men employed in the various departments of the plant, which comprises six spacious brick and stone powder magazines, 200 by 50 feet in size, four shell houses, two general storehouses and four powder filling buildings.

The interior of one of the powder filling houses on the Island presents a novel and animated sight. The men are required to wear long white serge suits and moccasins, and no metal articles are allowed in the pockets which might cause friction. All the tools, funnels, measure cups, scales and other appliances used are made of copper. Here the delicate and somewhat dangerous business of weighing out the various smokeless powder charges is done. Even one or two grains difference in weight is carefully observed. At the Indian Head proving grounds the naval ordnance experts by tests determine the powder charge best adapted for the various guns. These firing charges are constantly being changed and revised, which keeps the filling house men very active. Daily boxes of smokeless powder are emptied into a long wooden trough. The powder looks like cut up sticks of yellow candy with holes punched through them. With copper scoop the powder is dipped out of the trough, accurately weighed and tied up in quarter, half and full charges, in white bags. These bags have several wide streamers attached, and each is tagged with the date of filling and amount of the powder it contains. A small ignition



CHARGE OF SMOKELESS POWDER FOR 13-INCH GUN.

charge of quickly burning black powder is stowed in the bottom of each bag. They are then placed in large copper cans and are ready for transfer aboard.

The heaviest charge used in the navy weighs a little over 220 pounds, and is arranged in four quarter charges of 55 pounds each. This is for the 13-inch guns. The bags, when piled one on top of another, reach to the top of a man's head and present a formidable sight of bottled up destruction.

Another important operation performed in the filling house is loading the 13 and 12-inch projectiles with their bursting charge. For the former 50 pounds of black powder is used, and about 35 pounds for the 12-inch. To hold the shells steady and to get at the base of these huge steel missiles, weighing over 1,000 pounds each, they are roped in a sling and hoisted clear of the floor by a pulley and chain. The point is then lowered a foot or so into a stanch wooden frame with an opening a trifle larger than the shell. A long, narrow bag is inserted, and with a funnel the black powder is poured out of the covered measure into the shell. Some 60 of those giants can be loaded in a day.

Just how many shells Uncle Sam's crack fighters have stored down out of sight in their holds is not generally known, nor the cost of these death dealing missiles. Each 13-inch shell, when loaded with 220 pounds of powder, comes near to \$500; the 12-inch, with 126 pounds of powder, to over \$300. The capped armor piercing shells are considerably more costly than the common pointed ones. One of our big battleships carries 96 12-inch armor piercing, 144 12-inch common shells, 700 8-inch common shells, 300 8-inch armor piercing, 1,680 6-inch common shells, 720 6-inch armor piercing shells, 3,600 3-inch common shells, 7,200 3-pounder cartridges, 2,400 1-pounder cartridges and 200 3-pounder field gun cartridges, and this supply of about 17,000 shells and cartridges costs nearly \$700,000.

The Arctic has been fitted with a large and powerful air compressor driven by a windmill, so as to economize coal, the power thus accumulated and stored being used for the dynamos for lighting as well as heating purposes.

CANADIAN TO CONDUCT AN EXPEDITION TO ARCTIC REGIONS.

Capt. Joseph Elzear Bernier, Experienced Navigator of Northern Waters Preparing for Perilous Voyage.

What fascination the elusive north pole has for certain individuals of adventurous and scientific turn of mind. Never before has the world seen so many expeditions under way and being planned as there are to-day. Past failure, attended as it has been by death in so many cases, has seemed only to whet the desire of others to try for the coveted spot. In spite of Andre's ill-fated attempt to reach the pole by balloon, Wellman is making his last preparations for flight toward the unexplored regions to the north. Peary is lost somewhere in the frozen depths of the arctic circle, and his friends are anxiously awaiting some word which will assure them that the intrepid explorer is still alive.

But notwithstanding the tragic history of arctic explorations past and present, there are still others ready to try. The latest expedition organized



THE EXPLORATION STEAMER ARCTIC.

is that under Capt. Joseph Elzear Bernier, a Canadian, who will take the Canadian government steamer Arctic around the Horn and fit her for a voyage to the north pole via Behring straits.

The captain was born in Quebec in 1852, was educated at the Christian Brothers college in that city and has led a stirring, adventurous life on the ocean ever since, having commanded over 60 ships and steamers in all parts of the world. He is an authority on the navigation of the coasts of Greenland, Labrador, Hudson Bay and the bleak and barren coasts of Newfoundland. He has never lost a vessel in his long career on the ocean, although he became a shipmaster when only 17 years of age.

Capt. Bernier comes from the famous La Sale family, the early explorers who penetrated into the heart of this northern continent, and to-day is vice-president of the Arctic club of New York city, which heartily indorses his proposed plans of reaching the frigid goal.

Of his plans, Capt. Bernier says: "I have been a careful student of the western ice movement as reported by competent observers, especially among the whalers, and now that the Melville-Bryant buoys have drifted out, as I predicted they would two years ago, we must be convinced that there must be a certain passage between Capt. Keegan Island, off Point Barrow, and an unknown island in 75 degrees north latitude and 173 degrees west longitude, as reported in 1864.

The Jeannette's crew saw birds going in that direction in the spring of 1880, and clouds over it bearing northeast about 70 miles distant. It is my intention to put the ship in the ice from 164 to 169 degrees west longitude, and as far north as possible, working in with the lead, going on a north-



THE ROUTE WHICH CAPT. BERNIER EXPECTS TO FOLLOW.

west course, and the ship will get into deep water, and in this way be sure to drift in closer proximity to the pole than as yet has been done, reaching between 84 and 85 degrees on the older side of the passage. We will then leave the ship, taking to our automobile boats in the summer season and make for the trip to the pole. Having a specially devised system of wireless telegraphy with box-kite stations, we shall be enabled to keep our advance known between the parties on the ice and the ship at all times. Our drifting may cover a period of from three to four years, but we shall be provisioned and outfitted for six years, so that there will be no anxiety in regard to food."

While drifting toward the pole surveying parties will be sent out on both sides of the ship, extending their operations at least 50 miles on either side, and being in wireless communication with the ship at stated intervals during the day.

The Arctic has been fitted with a large and powerful air compressor driven by a windmill, so as to economize coal, the power thus accumulated and stored being used for the dynamos for lighting as well as heating purposes.

BIRDS PERFORMING GOOD SERVICE FOR COTTON GROWERS.

Investigations by the Agricultural Department Prove That Feathered Songsters Are Helping to Destroy Pest.

Investigation has proved again that in the birds the farmer has an unfailing friend. Scientists employed by the government agricultural department have discovered that 28 species of birds feed on the cotton boll weevil, that great pest of the south, which at one time threatened to destroy the cotton growing industry of Texas and some other states. And of these 28 species, the oriole, in summer, the blackbirds and meadow larks, in winter, and the night hawks are shown to hold the highest records for efficiency as weevil destroyers.

The problem of controlling the ravages of this cotton pest in the cotton growing states has been one of such serious moment and great importance that the United States department of agriculture undertook the careful study of the matter.

Accurate information as to the value of our native birds as destroyers of this pest, which is of such great importance to the cotton grower, could be obtained only by means of careful (1) Nighthawk, (2) Oriole, (3) Blackbird) and continued observation in the field, supplemented by study of the stomach contents of the birds. Field observations alone, unverified by stomach examinations have proved unreliable. Birds may be observed picking insects from cotton plants, but it does not follow that the insects are boll weevils; nor is the statement that boll weevils have been found in birds' stomachs, if made by persons unaccustomed to the identification of insects, to be accepted as conclusive. Insect remains in a bird's stomach are nearly always in a more or less disintegrated condition, so that identification of the species is difficult and requires the services of a specialist.

As a result of the investigation of the relations of birds to boll weevils,



BIRDS THAT DESTROY BOLL WEEVIL.

(1) Nighthawk. (2) Oriole. (3) Blackbird.)

28 species have been ascertained to feed on the weevils, as follows:

Kildeer. Cowbird. Ring-necked blackbird. Meadow lark. Western meadow lark. Phoebe. Nighthawk. Scissortailed flycatcher. Meadow lark. Western meadow lark. Oriole. Phainopepla. Painted bunting. Dickcissel. White-rumped shrike. American pipit. Mockingbird. Brown thrasher. White-throated sparrow. Carolina wren. Black-bellied titmouse. Least flycatcher.

Thirteen of the above species feed on the weevil during the summer months, and 17 during the winter months, two species feeding upon the insect both in summer and winter. About 18 per cent. of the stomachs of these birds contained boll weevil remains, and the total number of weevils eaten by them amounted to 40 per cent. of the number of birds examined.

The orioles prove to be the greatest destroyers of weevils in summer, and their near relatives, the blackbirds and meadow larks, in winter. Orioles, because of their bright plumage, have until recently been extensively used for millinery purposes, and thus their numbers have been much reduced. Thousands were slaughtered, not alone in the United States, but in Central America, where they pass the winter. In view of their great value as weevil destroyers every effort should be made to prevent their destruction for any purpose whatever. The same suggestion applies with almost equal force to the nighthawk, which is strictly insectivorous and is shown to be an enemy of the boll weevil. During the migrations the nighthawk occurs in certain sections of the south in great numbers and is frequently shot wantonly or for food. The bird should everywhere and at all times be protected.

In the case of an insect so destructive as the boll weevil, which has thus far defied all attempts at restraint and is steadily extending its ravages into new territory, every natural check to its increase should be encouraged. Though the extent of the services rendered by the avian enemies of the insect may sometimes seem small or even insignificant, in reality their cumulative effect is very important.

SPORTS AND ATHLETICS.

With a total of 295 strokes for the 72 holes, Alec Smith, of Nassau, N. J., won the open golf championship of the United States on the links of the Onwentsie club at Lake Forest, Ill. No finer golf was ever seen in the country. The remarkable feature of Smith's performance was his final round of 75, made in a heavy rainstorm with a strong and fitful breeze. An average man could not do any better if he could throw the ball as far as it can be hit with a golf club. To those who braved the storm and followed the player around it did not appear possible for any living player to do better. Smith now holds the western and national open championships, as he took the horseshoes in the west over the Homewood links the week previous. Willie Smith, American champion with two rounds of 74 each, took second honors with a total of 302 strokes, and James Marden, of Toledo, and Lawrence Auchterlonie, of Glenview, tied for third honors with 305 each. Willie Anderson, present title holder at four times winner of the national open championship, finished fifth. The wet greens were too much for Anderson, and he took 84 strokes, bringing his total to 307. Alexander Ross, of Oakley, finished sixth, with 310; Stewart Gardner, of Garden City, seventh, with 311. H. Chandler Egan, national amateur champion, and Gilbert Nichols, of Denver, tied for eighth and ninth places with 311 each; Jack Hobens, of Englewood, N. J., finished tenth with 314. Egan took 80 for his afternoon round, but this was low enough to place him within the substantial honors of the tournament.

Alec Smith, Willie Anderson, and Lawrence Auchterlonie are rated as the leading professional golfers of the western hemisphere as a result of the championship tournament. As Willie Smith is connected with a Mexican club and is open champion of that country, Stewart Gardner completes the quartette of leading golf professionals in the United States. Plans are being made for contests similar to those in Great Britain in which Vardon and Taylor of England oppose Herd and Braid of Scotland, in which Stewart Gardner and Alec Smith will represent